Action of Oils on Metals.

A series of tests, lasting some twelve months, on the action of various oils on metals in contact with them, recently carried out, gave the following results: In the case of iron, seal oil acted the least on it, and tallow the most. Bronze was not attacked at all by colza oil, and but very slightly by olive oil; it was, on the other hand, vigorously eroded by linseed oil. In the case of lead, the most deleterious lubricant was whale oil; the best, olive oil. Whale, lard and sperm oils were about equally erosive. Zinc seemed to be but little attacked by mineral lubricant oils; sperm oil had the least and tallow the most action on it. Generally speaking, mineral oil attacked the metals under test the least; and sperm oil attacked them the most. In conducting the experiments, the metals were first thoroughly cleaned in ether and then dried. They were next carefully weighed and placed in closed vessels filled with oil, which were kept for a year at a uniform temperature in summer of 80 degrees Fahr., and in winter of about 50 degrees Fahr.—*Scientific American.*

Frightful Loss of Life!

Of the many disasters with which mankind has been visited, one of the worst is that class of ailments which, originating simply with inactivity of the kidneys and bladder, causes such frightful loss of life. Under this appalling category come Bright's disease, diabetes, gravel, ordinary nephritis and catarrh of the bladder. No class of organic maladies, against which medical skill is pitted, so often baffles the expert practitioner and sets his skill at naught. Easy is it, however, to arrest these direful ailments at the start. The diuretic action of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is just sufficient to set the bladder and kidneys at work, preserve or rescue them from fatal inactivity without exciting them. The unmedicated stimulants of commerce excite without either strengthening or regulating. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters does both. It is unfailing for malaria, dyspepsia, debility, rheumatism, liver complaint and constipation.

A Very Honest Man.

While jogging along recently in a bobtail car on the Baden and St. Louis line a passenger apparently well posted on the affairs of the road regaled The Man About Town with an anecdote concerning a phenomenally honest man. A young German sought employment from Dr. Case, the owner of the road, as conductor. After his first month's service he began "knocking down" fares, and he persisted in the practice for seven months, at the end of which time he found employment elsewhere. Before leaving he marched up to Dr. Case and handed him $45, with the remark: "Doctor, here's your change. I was in hard lines when I took it, but, thank God, I'm all right now, and glad to escape from your service." Dr. Case besought him to remain, offering him an increase in salary, but he declined. On one occasion this Jehu knocked down 25 cents while Dr. Case was a passenger in his car.—*St. Louis Republic.*

The Only One Ever Printed—Can You Find the Word?

Each week a different three-inch display is published in this paper. There are no two words alike in either ad., except One word. This word will be found in the ad. for Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic, Little Liver Pills and Wild Cherry Bitters. Look for "Crescent" trade-mark. Read the ad. carefully, and when you find the word send it to them and they will return you a book, beautiful lithographs and sample free.

Musky Mosque.

When the Mosque of St. Sophia, in Constantinople, was built, more than one thousand years ago, the stone and brick were laid in mortar mixed with a solution of musk, and the building, it is said, has been infected with the odor ever since. Probably age has imparted a musty odor, from which the musk story was fabricated.

Three Harvest Excursions.

The Burlington Route, C., B. & Q. R. R. will sell from principal stations on its lines, on Tuesdays, Aug. 25 and Sept. 15 and 29, Harvest Excursion Tickets at *Low Rates* to principal cities and points in the Farming Regions of the West, Southwest and Northwest. For tickets and further information concerning these excursions, call on your nearest C., B. & Q. ticket agent, or address P. S. EUSTIS, Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent, Chicago, Ill.

It is no wonder that the spring chicken can boast of a large crop when he takes everything in by the peck.—*Baltimore American.*

A LADY returned from a foreign tour claims that her health was sustained by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

A BISCUIT TRUST is the latest in the field. It threatens to be a regular uppercrust affair.—*Rochester Post.*

W. H. GRIFFIN, Jackson, Michigan, writes: "Suffered with catarrh for fifteen years. Hall's Catarrh Cure cured me." Sold by Druggists, 75c.

THE fall girl appears with the tightly coiled braid, the small toque, fur cape and plain cloth gown.

BRONCHITIS is cured by frequent small doses of Piso's Cure for Consumption.

ONE of the latest novelties in trade is an electric carpet beater.

Nervous

Dyspepsia in severe form, tired and languid, no ambition, sleep irregular, no appetite—this was my condition when I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. From the very first it seemed to be just what I needed. The nervous dyspepsia has now entirely gone, my appetite is excellent, I can eat heartily without distress afterwards; I sleep well, and can now go about my work without having that tired feeling so frequent before I began taking the medicine. I have taken six bottles of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

and recommend it as the King of Medicines."
J. J. SCULLY, President Seaman's Union, 256 Catherine Street, Detroit, Mich.
N.B. Be sure to get Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The Soap that Cleans Most is Lenox.

THE ALMY TRAGEDY.

SENSATIONAL CRIME WORTHY OF COMMENT.

New England Sentimentality Likely to Interfere with Justice—The Criminal Deserving of the Severest Penalty—His Deed That of a Fiend—Sane, but Devilish.

Revenge of a Coward.

The staid old State of New Hampshire has added a chapter to the records of crime in this country which hardly can be surpassed for the grim background of the murder itself and the extraordinary details which have followed its commission. The crime of which Frank C. Almy is guilty was marked by the most revolting cruelty and barbarity as well as by rank cowardice. Six weeks ago the wretch, angered because his sweetheart, Christie Warden, rejected his advances, sprang from his place of concealment on a lonely road, dragged her away from her mother and sister into the woods, and not only shot her down in cold blood but even mutilated her after death. He escaped, boasting to her terrified companions that now he had had revenge. The horror of the crime aroused the entire county. Large rewards, aggregating $4,000, were offered, and hundreds of people as well as police and detectives from various cities hunted for him not only all over the New Hampshire hills but throughout New England. Other parts of the country were ransacked, but to no purpose, and at last the theory was accepted that he had gone to Europe, and all hope of his capture was lost.

It now appears, however, that he never left the farm of the Warden family. With that fascination which sometimes seizes upon criminals to remain upon the scene of their crimes he concealed himself in the barn. From his hiding-place he saw the funeral of his victim. In dark nights he stole up to the house and watched what was going on within. He saw detectives and reporters within a few feet of him and heard them discuss plans and probabilities for his capture. He even took food from the house in the night and visited Christie's grave in the cemetery near by. All these weeks it never occurred to the astute detectives to search the Warden premises, and had it not been for the accidental discovery of some cans taken from the house, which raised a suspicion in the mother's mind that he was somewhere on the premises, he might still have been at liberty. She mentioned her suspicions to the Sheriff, and that functionary with a companion kept a nightly vigil about the barn. At last they were rewarded by a sight of the lean and haggard murderer emerging from his hiding-place to obtain food. He was entirely unprepared for resistance, but for some mysterious reason the two armed men made no attempt to arrest him. Instead of that they raised a hue and cry and the next day the barn was besieged by no less than 1,500 people, who proceeded to bombard their victim. When he had been wounded two or three times and it became apparent to him that further attempt was useless he agreed to surrender and even dictated terms so far as personal security was concerned. When the terms were accepted he added crime to crime by shooting one of his captors. That he was not killed on the spot speaks well of the New England sense of justice. The Sheriff who had been so reluctant to perform his duty promptly and energetically saved him from lynching by appealing to the crowd to let the law take its course. They decided to do so and the brutal wretch was removed to jail. If the courts are as fearless and the law is as perfect as the Sheriff has tied it will not be long before Almy will expiate his horrible crime on the gallows.

It is not so certain, however, that this wretch will meet the fate he deserves. Already there is a certain halo of romance gathering about him. His visits to his victim's grave, his preservation of letters and souvenirs she had given him, his declaration that he loved her all the time, and that he shot her by accident and then shot her over and over again because he could not bear to see her suffer, have had a certain effect upon the maudlin and morbid classes of society who are ready to declare that he was insane with love. People of this kind are making a lion of him, and there is danger that they may bring sufficiently strong pressure to bear to save him from hanging. With all its conservatism and love for justice, sentimentality is a strong element in the New England composition, as has been shown even in the Jesse Pomeroy case and in many another equally brutal and revolting. The prosecuting officials, therefore, will have a hard task before them, though every circumstance of the murder can be easily established. Should any contingency, however, save this monster from the gallows it will be a public calamity. The practice of girl-killing has become alarmingly common, and it is time that the courts should adopt heroic measures to suppress it. There is no better case to begin with than that of Almy. If all reports are true this is not the first girl he has killed. There is no romance about his crime. There was no love in his feelings toward Christie Warden. His act was dictated by revenge, either because Christie Warden had wounded his pride by her rejection of his suit or because of lower and more revolting motives. In either case he richly deserves death, and has barred himself from the sympathy of any right-minded person. Crimes like his are becoming alarmingly frequent, and it is time that the law should step in and protect helpless women from being slaughtered merely because they exercise the right of rejecting the advances of men who may have conceived a sudden and revolting passion for them.

Millions for the Farmers.

Reports indicate that the government experiments in Texas for producing rain by the discharge of explosives were successful. Further trials are to be made and the question as to whether rain can be artificially produced will be definitely settled. A decision in the affirmative will mean millions of dollars yearly in the pockets of American farmers.—*New York Press.*

A Vigorous Constitution.

The Emperor of Germany, for a man who is suffering from cancer, hydrophobia, a broken knee-cap, Bright's disease, the opium habit, and delirium trements, seems to be doing very well. He must have a most vigorous constitution.—*Boston Traveller.*

A Great Success.

The number of people who know just how the World's Fair ought to be managed is steadily increasing. If they will all visit it when it is opened, the Fair is certain to be a magnificent success in point of attendance.—*Boston Traveller.*

Sea Lawyer.

Judge B——, who is frequently quoted as a legal authority, and often spoken of as the "sea lawyer" in shipping cases, graduated from the law school when he was 23 years old, with barely money to pay for his diploma. He had great expectations of what he was going to do, but for a whole year he had only one client, who paid him a fee of $10. The Judge tells the story thus:

I pawned my watch, my books, and clothes, all I could spare, and hired $200 to pull me through those twelve long months, and the worst of it was, I could see no better prospect ahead. I was sadly in the dumps, feeling some days that I had made a mistake in my profession. I used sometimes to envy the laborers who worked by the day; they were doing work for which they received wages, while I waited impatiently for the work and wages which came not.

While I was indulging one of my worst fits of the blues an old friend of my father, a lawyer, chanced to be in town, and called on me. He inquired as to my success, and I blurted out the whole story of my disappointment and failure.

"Well, if you haven't had many clients this year," he remarked after talking awhile, "you've been getting ready for cases when they do come. And that's right; don't get behind in your reading," he added.

The next day—and this is where my luck may be said to have begun, if luck had anything to do with it—the old lawyer came again to see me. He asked me if I'd like to go to China and attend to some law business there for his firm. He would pay my passage out and back, he said, but no fee.

I didn't stop long to consider the subject, but accepted his offer, and in the course of a month set out on the long voyage to China in a sailing-vessel. I left the town where I had spent the year without regret, and there were few to heed the departure of an impecunious young lawyer.

Capt. Tarbox, master of the sailing vessel, was a good friend to me.

"Why don't some o' the lawyers who pertend to handle ship cases learn somethin' about seafaring men and their ways?" he demanded, in his gruff way. "I've had two cases spoiled for me because the blunderin' lawyer—and I tried to git the best thar was—didn't know his ground."

The Captain's words lingered in my mind, and that night I lay awake in my berth thinking them over. The next morning I joined Capt. Tarbox in his walk on deck, and said;

"Well, Captain, I've made up my mind to do it."

"To do what?" he inquired.

"To follow the sea until I know something of seafaring men and their ways," I replied.

"Good enough!" he said. "You couldn't do better; and when ye're through, I'll have a case ready for ye," he added, with a laugh.

From that day I began to study sea life in earnest. I went as purser on a transatlantic steamer for a year, as steward for eight months, and served in various capacities on different vessels for another fourteen months. At the end of that time I knew the ropes, and all the equipments of a vessel, and there wasn't a nautical term that I wasn't familiar with.

Moreover, I had become acquainted with many seafaring men, and when I again opened a law office I had not long to wait for clients. Within five years I had all the business I could attend to, and took in a partner.

As I look back over my life, I count those three years at sea the most profitable investment I ever made. At the time much that I learned seemed trivial, and there were many hard, disagreeable things connected with a life on shipboard, but it has all come in play in the course of my law practice.

By means of my sea knowledge I have achieved success and fame such as I never even dreamed of during that first year of waiting. What seemed my misfortune in having no clients was really the best thing that could have happened, for had I been fairly successful as a beginner, I should never have gone to China or followed the sea.

I forgot to say that Capt. Tarbox kept his word, and had a case ready for me, which I won. He was my first client.

Another Old Story.

Old Captain Prout, for whom Prout's Neck, now a well-known summer resort, is named, was a noted gunner in the days when waterfowl were plenty in that vicinity. "Early one spring, 1860 or thereabouts," said an old settler to me, "he brought home from the West Indies a gun, the like of which had never been seen by the natives. It was a muzzle-loader, about a 2-gauge, and weighed some 30 pounds. Soon after its arrival there came a heavy storm, and the next morning a pond a couple of acres in extent back of the Captain's barn was covered with ducks so thick that another one could not possibly have been squeezed in. Here was an opportunity to try the new gun, and loading it with the regulation charge, of ¼ pound of powder and ¼ pound of shot, he sallied forth. At the corner of the barn he cocked the piece and stepped out with it held in readiness. When within about 40 yards all the ducks jumped as one bird. The Captain aimed at the middle of the mass and fired."

Here my informant stopped as if expecting some encouragement, and somewhat against my will I felt constrained to ask, "How many did he get?"

"Wal," he replied, "he didn't get any, he undershot, but he picked up three bushels of ducks legs."—*Forest and Stream.*

Mines and Mining.

The final volume on Mines and Mining, of the Eleventh Census, shows the total value of the mineral products of the United States in 1889-90 to have been $556,988,450, the largest total ever reported for any country. "It far outstrips to product of Great Britain." The total number of mining establishments was 30,000, and the number of persons who find employment in mining industry was 512,114. The annual wages paid them aggregated $212,409,809, and the capital employed in actual mining operations amounted to $1,173,000,000.

A CRISIS IMMINENT

IN DICTATOR BALMACEDA'S AFFAIRS.

The Insurgents Prepared to Give Decisive Battle—Terrible Results of the Hurricane in the West Indies—Over Sixty Lives and Twenty Vessels Lost.

A dispatch from Valparaiso, Chili, says: The insurgent army has effected a landing at Quintero Bay, only twenty miles north of this city. According to the lowest estimate it numbers 10,000 men. They were brought down from Caldera on eight transports, three tugs and four warships. The point of landing is about fifty miles from Santiago, where Balmaceda's forces to the number of 10,000 have been stationed. Quintero Bay is the entrance to a fertile valley and is in direct line with Santiago and Valparaiso. The Balmacedists have for some time anticipated a movement south on the part of their foes, but they believed that Coquimbo would be the first place attacked.

It now appears that the hovering of the insurgent fleet in the neighborhood of Coquimbo Bay was only a scheme to deceive Balmaceda. By coming so far south the insurgents leave the large force of Balmacedists at Coquimbo many miles to the north of them and helpless to render any aid to the Government army in this neighborhood. The landing at Quintero Bay was therefore a complete surprise to the President, but as soon as he learned the news he acted promptly. By his command a large force was sent north to meet the enemy. Admiral Brown, from his flagship, the San Francisco, saw the landing of the insurgents. They are all well armed and enthusiastic. The United States warship Baltimore is in this harbor. The Esmeralda, commanded by Silva Palma, is just outside the harbor. It is expected that it will be joined at once by the other insurgent war vessels from Quintero Bay.

It looks as if, in conjunction with the advance of the land forces upon this city, the fleet will open fire upon the forts that defend this harbor. Valparaiso Bay is strongly fortified. The forts mount thirty guns, among which are a ten-inch muzzle loader, eleven eight-inch and nine-inch breech loaders, and five Krupp guns of 24 centimeters caliber. The remainder are 300-pounders. Most of these guns are masked and offer a small target for ships to fire at. The gunners are all skilled men, who have a great deal of practice. They know the distances across the bay, as they have a range finder.

The insurgent fleet has altogether some nineteen guns, including 10-inch, 8-inch, and 6-inch breech-loaders. Unless some of the government gunners turn traitors it does not seem likely that the fleet can silence the forts. So far it is quiet here. It looks as if the most important engagement so far in the history of the present war is about to be fought. Until the present time it has been nearly altogether a battle of words. Now a fierce fight is imminent.

On its result depends in all likelihood the complete overthrow of Balmaceda or of his opponents. The rout of the President's forces would undoubtedly be quickly followed by the capture of both Valparaiso and Santiago by the victorious army of the insurgents.

OVER SIXTY LIVES LOST.

Terrible Results of the Hurricane that Visited Martinique.

The hurricane that swept over Martinique of the West India Islands, caused greater damage than at first supposed. So far as can be learned there were over sixty deaths as the result of the hurricane's visitation, but it will be some time before the full extent of the disaster is known. At Fort de France alone there were twelve lives lost, and at both Fort de France and St. Pierre, to say nothing of the country districts, there have been large numbers of people in ured.

Five persons are known to have been killed in St. Pierre, but it is feared that this does not represent the entire loss of life in the capital.

Communication with the different ports of the island was never an easy matter, and it is excessively difficult to get detailed news at present.

As the reports from the various sections reach St. Pierre it becomes evident that the extent of the devastation has not been much exaggerated. Destruction of property and loss of life are reported from all parts of the coast.

The latest report received here from Lamentin shows that there are ten dead in that place alone in addition to a large number of injured.

At Francois there were sixteen people killed and large numbers injured, and at Riviere Pilote there were two or more deaths, and so on from all parts of the island comes the tale of woe and desolation. La Trinite sends in the list of its dead at ten and numbers of more or less severely injured. The damage done to shipping and property may safely be classed as stupendous. About two-fifths of the island was under cultivation and the mountain slopes were covered with forests. All the cultivation and all the forests in the path of the hurricane appear to have been swept away. The numerous sugar, coffee, cotton, and cocao plantations which felt the force of the tornado seem to have been destroyed.

The number of ships wrecked in the several harbors of the island is at least twenty.

Mid Class Canes.

THERE are fears that the investigations of Mr. Depew in the remote and little frequented portions of Greece may result in his capture by the brigands infesting those localities. Well, if our Chauncey does get captured this country will cheerfully pay the ransom and send the bill to the Government of Greece, perhaps, by Ben Butler, who will see that the formula, C. O. D., is observed.—*Rome Sentinel.*

CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW is in Athens, Greece. Of course he will visit the Acropolis and seek out the tomb of Demosthenes. While at Rome he dropped a tear at the grave of Cicero (pronounce it kickero, please).—*Dayton Times.*

MR. DEPEW is of the opinion that the brigands in Southern Europe have lost their cunning. They held up a train next to the one in which he and Mr. Vanderbilt were traveling, but never so much as looked at Mr. Depew's train. The missed a golden opportunity.—*Boston Herald.*

CHAUNCEY DEPEW has recently visited the late Henry Demosthenes, of Greece, and is said to have remarked that he didn't see how Mr. Demosthenes could have been much of a speaker when there was no such thing as Delmonico's in his day.—*Minneapolis Times.*

THOUSANDS of cases of female disease have been treated by Mrs. Pinkham, and every fact recorded. Those records are available to suffering women; private correspondence solicited.

LATE developments in electro photography indicate that it may be possible to take photographs of views located many miles from the camera.

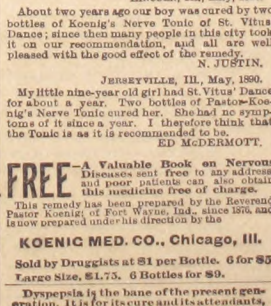
FITS.—All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Fits after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

An unusual offer

—the one that's made by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Unusual, but made in good faith. It's a reward of $500 for an incurable case of Catarrh. If you have one, the money's for you. But you can't know whether you have one, till you've tried Dr. Sage's Remedy. What's incurable by any other means, yields to that. By its mild, soothing, cleansing and healing properties, it cures the worst cases, no matter of how long standing. That's the reason the money can be offered. There's a risk about it, to be sure. But it's so small that the proprietors are willing to take it.

The symptoms of catarrh are, headache, obstruction of nose, discharges falling into throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acrid, at others, thick, tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody, putrid and offensive; eyes weak, ringing in ears, deafness; offensive breath; smell and taste impaired, and general debility. Only a few of these symptoms likely to be present at once.

SYRUP of FIGS



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Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

PASTOR KOENIG'S NERVE TONIC

Had the Desired Effect.

CARROLLTON, Green Co., Ill., Nov., '88.
I highly recommend Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic to anybody that has suffered from headache as my son did for 5 years, because 2 bottles of the medicine cured him. M. McTIGUE.

LINCOLN, Ill., May, 1890.
About two years ago our boy was cured by two bottles of Koenig's Nerve Tonic of St. Vitus' Dance; since then many people in this city took it on our recommendation, and all are well pleased with the good effect of the remedy. N. JUSTIN.

JERSEYVILLE, Ill., May, 1890.
My little nine-year old girl had St. Vitus' Dance for about a year. Two bottles of Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic cured her. She had no symptoms of it since a year. I therefore think that the Tonic is as it is recommended to be. ED McDERMOTT.

FREE—A Valuable Book on Nervous Diseases sent free to any address, and poor patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge.

This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Pastor Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., since 1876, and is now prepared under his direction by the

KOENIC MED. CO., Chicago, Ill.

Sold by Druggists at $1 per Bottle. 6 for $5. Large Size, $1.75. 6 Bottles for $9.

Dyspepsia is the bane of the present generation. It is for its cure and its attendants, sick headache, constipation and piles, that

Tutt's Pills

have become so famous. They act gently on the digestive organs, giving them tone and vigor without griping or nausea. 25c.

PILES ANAKESIS gives instant relief, and is an INFALLIBLE CURE for PILES. Price, $1; at druggists or by mail. Sample free. Address "ANAKESIS," Box 2416, NEW YORK CITY.

PISO'S REMEDY FOR CATARRH.—Best. Easiest to use. Cheapest. Relief is immediate. A cure is certain. For Cold in the Head it has no equal.

CATARRH

It is an Ointment, of which a small particle is applied to the nostrils. Price, 50c. Sold by druggists or sent by mail. Address, E. T. HAZELTINE, Warren, Pa.

"German Syrup"

G. Gloger, Druggist, Watertown, Wis. This is the opinion of a man who keeps a drug store, sells all medicines, comes in direct contact with the patients and their families, and knows better than anyone else how remedies sell, and what true merit they have. He hears of all the failures and successes, and can therefore judge: "I know of no medicine for Coughs, Sore Throat, or Hoarseness that had done such effective work in my family as Boschee's German Syrup. Last winter a lady called at my store, who was suffering from a very severe cold. She could hardly talk, and I told her about German Syrup and that a few doses would give relief; but she had no confidence in patent medicines. I told her to take a bottle, and if the results were not satisfactory I would make no charge for it. A few days after she called and paid for it, saying that she would never be without it in future as a few doses had given her relief." ⑦

Coughs, Sore Throat, Hoarseness,

DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC

THE ONLY TRUE TRADE MARK

Will purify BLOOD, regulate KIDNEYS, remove LIVER disorder, build strength, renew appetite, restore health and vigor of youth. Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Unsatisfied feeling absolutely eradicated. Mind brightened, brain power increased, bones, nerves, muscles, receive new force. LADIES suffering from complaints peculiar to their sex, using it, find a safe, speedy cure. Returns rose bloom on cheeks, beauties Complexion. Sold everywhere. All genuine goods bear "Crescent." Send us 2 cent stamp for 32-page pamphlet.

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FOR THE EXCLUSIVE TREATMENT OF ALL CHRONIC DISEASES.

Ample Facilities for Room and Board.

Each Disease treated by a Physician, who makes it a specialty; five of our staff receiving their education and experience in Europe, where a Doctor must study seven years instead of three as here. If afflicted with *Catarrh, Consumption, Asthma or any Lung Trouble*, consult our Specialist. Our treatment of *Stomach, Liver, Heart and Kidney Troubles* has no equal.

Rheumatism, Goitre, Tape Worm and *all Skin Diseases* treated.

Our treatment for *Epilepsy, Paralysis* and *Nervous Troubles* has met with wonderful success.

Our German Eye and Ear Specialist has cured many cases when pronounced incurable.

Delicate Diseases of Men or Women have had special provision made for their treatment.

Strictest privacy maintained and all communications confidential.

CONSULTATION FREE.

If afflicted with any disease address in any language
ILLINOIS STATE MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
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MONEY—FOR ALL EX-SLAVES—MONEY
NEGRO PREACHERS AND TEACHERS READ.

Tell all ex-slaves to send $4 (money order) for a gold emblem badge—Vaughan's new book containing letters from Negro Bishops, Frederick Douglass, Bishop Newman, Senator Cullom, Ex-Mayor Carter Harrison, Judge Thurston, and many others, 150 pages, illustrated, blanks, paper, etc., fully explaining his EX-SLAVE PENSION BILL. Clubs are now forming in every where and are endorsing Vaughan's bill, "as introduced in the Fifty-first Congress in their behalf, asking $400 cash and $8 per month for some and different amounts for others. Mayor Vaughan's new book, that is the best history of the race ever written, gives cogent reasons why the Government should and must grant the former negro slave a pension. Write at once and get your names, etc., in his pension register. No charge except as above until the bill becomes a law. Add. W. R. VAUGHAN, (Ex-Mayor) Washington, D.C. P. O. L. Box 817.

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