

APOLOGIZE OR FIGHT.

THE UNITED STATES HAS BEEN INSULTED.

President Harrison's Message to Congress— Deprecating the Attack on Our Sailors— Minister Egan Upheld—Reparation and Apology Demanded.

Uncle Sam's Demands.

Chill must apologize or fight. That is the declaration of President Harrison, whose long-pondered message, which in its correspondence bearing upon the issues involved in the recent attack on our sailors, was made public, points distinctly to a resort to arms unless an apology for the assault on our sailors is made and a full and complete reparation is made. The President's message, a large crowd filed the galleries to overhear it.

Private Secretary Frazier, with large bundles under his arm, pushed the doors aside and entered the House. Speaker Crisp at once recognized the call of States for the introduction of the bill, and the President's private secretary, Mr. Egan, made the usual announcement that he bore a message of the President, and handed the scroll, consisting of the message and correspondence, to the clerk, who carried the heavy load to the speaker.

The speaker, who had been so long as to grow weary, handed the scroll to the clerk, who read it aloud to the House, and amid a stillness which had not been broken since the reading of the previous document, printed in the official form, was listened to with respectful attention.

The Message Summarized.

In my annual message, delivered to Congress at the beginning of the present session, after a long absence from the White House, I announced to you the results of my investigation into the assault on our sailors in Valparaiso, Chile, in the month of October, 1893. I stated that I was awaiting the result of an investigation which had been conducted by the United States Consul at Valparaiso, and that I expected that the investigation would be completed in a few days. I stated, together with some adequate and satisfactory reasons, that I expected that the result of the investigation would be such as to justify the course which I had taken in the assault on our sailors.

In my opinion the time has now come when I should report to you the results of the investigation. I have to report to you that the investigation has been completed, and that the results are such as to justify the course which I have taken. I have to report to you that the investigation has been completed, and that the results are such as to justify the course which I have taken.

It may be well at this point to say that whatever may have been said in this country or in any other country, the true history of this exciting period in Chilean affairs, from the outbreak of the riot, until the day when the United States Consul at Valparaiso, Mr. Egan, was notified to act on the part of the United States Government, is not the same as that which is commonly known. It is not the same as that which is commonly known. It is not the same as that which is commonly known.

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On September 11, the city officers, as is customary, extended the hospitalities of the city to the visiting fleet. It is not claimed that every personal collision or injury in which a sailor or officer of such a vessel is engaged, or that every insult or outrage of an international character, but that an effort is made to settle such matters by peaceful means. It is not claimed that every personal collision or injury in which a sailor or officer of such a vessel is engaged, or that every insult or outrage of an international character, but that an effort is made to settle such matters by peaceful means.

When we have to have aluminum cooking dishes? Here is a metal as cheap as copper, when you consider its greater bulk, light, beautiful in appearance, tarnishing as little as does gold, that can be pressed into any shape, and that would make extremely durable utensils. And here we are using "tins," of which the cooking ware of leaving in an iron shape that rusts badly, and granite wares that are expensive and that flake and crack with careless handling, leaving a base exposed that affects food, and that is poisonous to an extent it is just as well not to know as long as it is our best ware. Very well we need an improvement. A year ago when the price of aluminum was dropping hopelessly, it was supposed that the good time of the kitchen was near. We were promised a trace of the metal in the iron of stoves, just enough to prevent any tendency to rust, and to do away with blacking. But the household still waits for this blessing as well as the other in the shape of clean, bright, wearable cooking utensils. The first article made from this metal was a baby rattle for that imperial child whose life ended shortly in Zululand. At that time aluminum, though the commonest of metals, was valued higher than gold. As the means of extracting it have become simpler and cheaper, the price has become lower and lower, till now it would seem quite within the reach of the manufacturer of household gear.—Newport News.

How the Luggage Steward Apologized.

A lady passenger much annoyed the luggage steward by having her luggage got ready for being put ashore at various places of call. At each place the passenger seemed to alter her mind and to form the idea of going on farther. At last she said she would go on to Inverness. Then the luggage steward said: "Oh, go on to the devil!" The lady, in a high state of indignation, reported the man to the captain. That gentleman told the steward he must find out the lady and apologize to her. The steward consented to do so.

At luncheon he appeared, and accosted the first lady at the table thus: "Were you the lady I told to go to the devil?" "No," said the lady and several others, all equally surprised and amused. At last, by a series of separate interrogations he discovered the right lady. She responded with an indignantly virtuous air: "Yes, I am the lady." "Ah, then," said the steward, "the captain told me to tell you that you needn't go."—Spectator.

African-Like Copper.

Of other metals which are used in coinage in civilized lands copper is used to quite an extent in Africa. The cannibalistic Niam-Niam especially like the English bar copper of one inch diameter. Expeditions to the territory of the Niam-Niam, therefore, have generally been forced to include several coopermiths, and these men, as soon as the Niam-Niam land was reached, applied themselves to transforming the bars of copper into rings of sizes varying from that of a bracelet to that of a tiny finger ring. And so great is the love of the Niam-Niam for copper that, even one of the small copper finger rings (value less than a cent) would purchase a fat chicken of them.

Germany's White Elephant.

Germany is not making any profitable use of that portion of the island of New Guinea which she appropriated five years ago. She is not getting along well with the natives of that part of eastern Africa which has fallen under her control. Yet she is desirous of getting hold of some of the islands of the Samoan group and the Marshall group in the Pacific Ocean, and the Marquis de Lorne has proposed that she shall establish a protectorate over the Argentine Republic.

A New Raspberry.

Professor Britton of New York City, has examined specimens of a thornless raspberry, sent to him by Professor Millsbaugh, of the West Virginia agricultural experiment station. It grows luxuriantly in Randolph County, West Virginia, and bears fruit, but no briars. Professor Britton pronounced the berry new to horticulture, and named it Rubus Millsbaugh, after its discoverer.

A Startling Condition.

It is said to have cost the Englishman who bought ten buffaloes from "Black Tom" Jones of Kansas, \$25,000 to purchase and get them ready to ship. They were bred in Manitoba. Their new home is the park of Hagerston Castle, in Northumberland. But think of the price when millions were butchered for fun twenty-five years ago.

Oil from Grape Stones.

The extraction of oil from grape stones promises to develop into a permanent industry. For a long time it has been known that oily matter was present in considerable quantities in the stones of various descriptions of grapes, but only recently has the question been definitely investigated.

Furnace Heat.

The upper part of a room heated by a furnace is always hotter than the floor. The difference is not a uniform one, but varies with the temperature outside, the colder weather making a greater difference between the floor and ceiling temperatures.

Must Put Up or Shut Up in Other Words, Apologize or Fight.

This is All that Remains for Chill to Do—An Apology and an Indemnity Demanded—Failure to Comply to Time to Be Followed by Egan's Withdrawal.

Warlike Words.

During the last week, in spite of the show of friendship toward Minister Egan by Senator Ferriss, Minister of Foreign Affairs, and other members of the Chilean Cabinet, events have come to light exhibiting surprising duplicity. Minister Egan was asked last week by the Chilean Foreign Office to "recognize the fact that Secretary Blaine had accepted the renunciation of Matta's irrevocable offer by the Chilean Government, the so-called renunciation being forwarded upon the explanation that President Harrison's message was a domestic matter and it was therefore improper for a foreign government to officially comment upon it. Mr. Egan declined to entertain the proposition until after he had communicated with the Washington Government and obtained instructions from his own superiors. He declined to acknowledge the "renunciation" upon the grounds stated by the Chilean authorities without official information from Washington. The request in regard to Matta note was made by Minister Egan he was told that a letter in regard to the subject would be sent to the American Legation. The promised letter was not sent. On the contrary the Chilean Government cabled Senator Ferriss, its Minister at Washington, to demand the recall of Mr. Egan because he was persona non grata.

Secretary Blaine's reply to the demand for Minister Egan's recall has been delivered. Instead of being an instruction to Mr. Egan to return home it instructed the American Minister to deliver the ultimatum of the United States Government to the Chilean authorities. This ultimatum demands the immediate and unqualified withdrawal of the Matta letter without reservation, an apology for the assault upon our sailors of the Baltimore, and the payment of an indemnity. It is couched in an extremely firm and decided tone. Minister Egan is instructed if the demand is not complied with at once to sever diplomatic relations with the Chilean Government.

Chill's hour of reckoning has come, and it must reckon with the United States for two distinct offenses. One is a purely diplomatic one. It is the inselting circular of the Foreign Minister of the Provisional Government, in which the most insulting things were said of the President of the United States, the Secretary of the Navy, the Minister to Chile, and the naval officers. The other is the antecedent one growing out of the assault upon our sailors, in which the uniform by the Valparaiso mob. There is a third cause of irritation, but it is not set forth as an offense. This is the request of the Chilean Government for the recall of Minister Egan without that government having previously presented the Baltimore outrage and disavowed the Matta circular.

Every diplomatic step has been taken. The ultimatum has been duly presented by Minister Egan to the Chilean authorities. While several messages have gone to him during the last few days there was no possibility of mistaking the later ones. In them he was directed to state with all formality that the United States renewed on the present Mont Government of Chile the same recognition with the Provisional Government for reparation for the Baltimore outrage, and in addition he was instructed to demand a complete disavowal of the Matta offense. These messages were not simply in the nature of ultimatum, they were the ultimatum itself.

To guard against any error in terms after he received them Minister Egan repeated the instructions back again. They were found exactly as sent, and he was directed to present the ultimatum at once and ask for an immediate reply. He did so. Chill has made no reply, either to Minister Egan in Santiago or through its minister in Washington. It is still defiant. The United States has been notified that the Minister Mont in regard to the final demands. The administration ignored him and dealt directly through the Minister to Chill. He was not even told that the last message had gone and the news was known to the Chilean government before the minister in Washington had it.

This was about the most emphatic way in which the President and Secretary of State could show their displeasure at the Chilean government's refusal to accept the ultimatum. Officially the United States does not entertain the request pending a settlement of the controversy. It is therefore not to be understood that the Minister Egan leaves Santiago Minister Mont will leave Washington.

The Dem. Con.

Chicago is really the convention city of the United States.—Milwaukee Journal.

The Democratic Convention goes to Chicago, perhaps the best city for a convention in the country.—Terra Haute Express.

Chicago is a hospitable city and has all the facilities and necessary conveniences for a great national convention.—Minneapolis Times.

So the Democratic national convention will be held at Chicago June 21, and the Republican national convention at Minneapolis June 7. The West is in it this time.—Cleveland Plain-Dealer.

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A Grateful Man.

On an Atlantic steamer bound for New York, a few years ago, the usual entertainment for the benefit of the Liverpool Seamen's Orphanage was projected. There happened to be on board a crowd many "professionals," actors and singers, who all promised to take part except one. He kept aloof, and stubbornly declined to assist.

As he was the person most desired, every effort was made to change his mind, and the Committee of Arrangements at last applied to Mr. Barnum (who was a passenger) and begged him to labor with the reluctant singer.

Mr. Barnum undertook the mission, and after stating the case and making his appeal, somewhat to his surprise, the young man at once assented.

"I refused all these people," said he, "and I dislike exceedingly to take part in this sort of entertainment; but if you ask me, Mr. Barnum, I cannot decline. I am glad to do anything that will please you." Mr. Barnum felt much complimented, but protested a little, when the man continued:

"You did me a great favor once. Mr. Barnum, and I have never forgotten it. You may not recall it, but I am under great obligations to you." "Why?" hesitated the great showman. "I must confess that I don't recall—I don't remember any circumstance; and yet your face is familiar. Where was it we met?"

"Oh, it was thirty years ago, Mr. Barnum. I took the first prize at your baby show! I've always felt grateful to you."

Children very soon learn the ways of the older world, and catching their methods of thought, use them, in childish fashion to evolve conclusions of their own. Sometimes these results show a baby wisdom, and again they are only worth a smile. Freddy is the son of a millionaire, and has from his earliest childhood lived in an atmosphere of pomp and pretence. He hears a great deal about money and what it will buy, and he is under the impression that "poor folks" really have very little business in the world at all.

One day his long-suffering governess gave him a sum in percentage, the result of which would show how much capital a man must have to gain a certain income. Freddy worked away with the calculation, but evidently to no purpose. The answer would not come, and his face contracted an earnest scowl.

"Well, Freddy," said his teacher at the end of fifteen minutes, "how are you getting on?" "I can't make it come out right. I don't know how I can do it any differently, and I keep getting the same answer every time."

"What answer do you get?" "Fifty thousand dollars." "Why, that's right! What made you think it was that?" Freddy looked at the figures in some disgust.

"A body would think it couldn't be right," said he, thoughtfully. "Nobody would think of having such a small capital as \$50,000!"

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Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for you if you wish to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

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THE GREAT COUGH CURE. This successful CONSUMPTION CURE is sold by druggists on a positive guarantee, a test that to other Cures can not be succeeded. If you COUGH, HOARSENESS or LA GRIPPE, it will cure you promptly. If your child has the CROUP or WHOOPING COUGH, use it quickly and relief is sure. If you fear CONSUMPTION, get your case in hand at once, less, but take this Cure at once and receive immediate help. Price 50c and \$1.00. Ask your druggist for SHILOH'S CURE. If your lungs are sore or back lame, use Shilo's Porous Plasters.

NEWTON, Ill., Dec. 1, 1893.

PASTOR KOEHLER'S NERVE TONIC

A Perfect Success. VII

The Rev. A. Antoine, of Bergamo, Tex., writes: "As far as I am able to judge, I think Pastor Koehler's Nerve Tonic is a perfect success, for anyone who suffered from a most painful nervousness as I did, I feel now like myself again after taking the Tonic."

Since three years I have been suffering from extreme nervousness, dreadful pain in my head, sleeplessness, palpitation, horrible dreams, constant tremor, and every night noise. I was under the doctors' treatment without relief, when our Pastor handed me one of your books. After taking the first bottle of Koehler's Nerve Tonic, I felt better, and after the second bottle, I was improving wonderfully. I expect to continue with the medicine.

MISS IDA F. RUSH.

FREE—A Valuable Book on Nerve Diseases sent free to any address.

Send for your free copy of this medicine free of charge. Price, 50c. Fort Wayne, Ind. Since 1876, and is now prepared under his direct supervision.

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