

Pittsburg's Famous Priest—Big Baltimore Blaze—Insane Act of a Mother—Representative Stacks House—Crop Prospects in Iowa and Michigan.

Congressional. On the 14th, Representative Fowler reported to the House on the Committee on the Merchant Marine and Fisheries bill, granting an American register to the steamship Ohna. The bill, which grants the privilege to the ship as well as the crew, is expected to pass the House. It will not only allow a vessel in an American ship yard equal in tonnage to the Ohna as required by the bill, but the committee is assured by the company's representatives that it will build two vessels of at least 8,000 tons each. The bill was introduced by Representative General Eli T. Stackhouse, member of Congress from the Sixth District of South Carolina and a prominent member of the Farmers' Alliance, died. He was one of the party that accompanied the remains of the late Col. L. Polk, President of the Farmers' Alliance, to the National C. C. last Saturday. The session of the Senate was only long enough to receive a message from the House announcing the death of Mr. St. Louis, and to adopt resolutions of sorrow, and providing for a committee of five Senators to escort the body to its place of burial.

TOLD IN A FEW WORDS.

The attendants of the Union Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, of Alliance, Ohio, were shocked by a painfully dramatic incident Sunday morning. The pulpit was temporarily filled by Rev. Mr. Norton, of Cleveland, and he continued to talk to the large audience. Sunday morning he seemed to be preaching his usual excellent sermon for the first half hour. Just when his audience thought he was concluding, he started upon a new theme, only to change again in a few minutes. For two hours he continued to talk, while his audience remained in breathless silence, realizing that something must be wrong, but hesitating to interfere. Suddenly he threw up his hands, exclaiming: "Into thy hands, O Lord, I commit my spirit," and sank into a chair, where it was discovered that he had been stricken with paralysis.

Fire destroyed property in Baltimore valued at nearly \$1,000,000.

With reasonable weather fall crops of wheat and corn have been predicted for Iowa.

The Ontario Government crop report says there will be an extra good crop of fall wheat.

The fourteen victims of the magazine explosion at the Mare Island Navy Yard were buried in the naval cemetery Tuesday.

Out morns have done severe damage to Michigan crops. Wheat, corn, oats, and rye are in good condition from favorable weather.

Last year the day after St. Anthony's Day was a great healing day on Mount Troy, near Pittsburg. It is different this year. Father Mullinger was prostrated Monday afternoon by the excessive heat, and the amount of heat that he received Tuesday he was able to bestow his blessing or receive and prescribe for the afflicted was a sore disappointment to many who at great expense and bodily suffering had taken up their abode upon the mount.

Mrs. George Beaudry, of South Bay City, Michigan, jumped into the river with two of her children and all were drowned. Mrs. Beaudry rose as usual about 6 o'clock and began getting breakfast. Her husband and five children were in bed. A few minutes later she got into the bathroom with two younger, and dressing them, started from the house, carrying Victoria, aged three, and leading George, aged six, who has been blind for several years.

Representative Eli T. Stackhouse, of the Sixth District of South Carolina, died suddenly at his residence in Washington shortly after 2 o'clock Tuesday morning. Mr. Stackhouse was in his seat in the House Monday afternoon, when he collapsed, but complaining of the intense heat left the House and returned to his residence. Later in the afternoon he was much better, and had his son read the papers to him. When about to retire the son offered to sit up with him, but Mr. Stackhouse deemed it unnecessary.

A young Stackhouse heard his father breathing laboriously, and called to him, but he did not respond. He never rallied, and died shortly thereafter. When the immediate cause of his death is thought to have been heart disease.

Charles Bea and Will Haden were killed by lightning at Paris, Kentucky.

An anarchist miner has confessed to starting the fire in the Pribram mines by which so many lives were lost. He wanted to be revenged on the managers, who had threatened to discharge him.

Advices from Venezuela say that President Falcao is a fugitive, and that the revolutionists are practically in control of affairs.

An accident reported from Bantry Bay, in the southwest of Ireland, Friedrich Waller, a magistrate and a gentleman of considerable landed estate, was out sailing with his daughter, when a squall sprang up and the yacht instantly capsized. Mr. Waller came on deck, but he was unable to get out, and his daughter was nowhere to be seen. He was seen to dive repeatedly, evidently with the object of rescuing her, and although he could have easily saved himself by swimming, he continued to dive in his vain search until he became exhausted, and he himself sank not to come up again. Upon reaching the yacht the girl's body was discovered entangled in the rigging.

CRIME AND CASUALTY.

At Onondago, Cal., Bob Ford, the slayer of Jesse James, was shot and killed by Deputy Sheriff Kelly in Ford's dance hall. Kelly and Ford had a quarrel in Pueblo in February last, and ill-feeling has existed between the two men since. Wednesday afternoon Kelly was standing in the doorway of Ford's dance hall, when an unknown man was seen to hand him a double-barrel shotgun, after which Kelly stepped inside the hall and called "Bob." Ford, who was about five feet away, turned around, at the same time reaching for his hip pocket. Kelly raised his gun and fired a load of buckshot full in Ford's neck and severed the windpipe and jugular vein and he died instantly. Kelly gave himself up and refused to talk.

At Elkhardt, Ind., safe-blowers blew open the safe of the station of Norman Hess and A. M. Smith, but secured only a few dollars. The police exchanged about a dozen shots with them, but no one was injured as far as known.

R. C. Beggs, Secretary of the Oakland (Cal.) Consolidated Railroad Company, is wanted by the police of the city of St. Louis. Level Naynor and Eddie Todd, boys, were drowned at Cedar Rapids, Iowa, while bathing.

H. Gregg, who left Oakland, Cal., Monday night with about \$12,000 belonging to the Oakland Consolidated Street Railway Company, of which he was secretary, was arrested at St. Louis. A sum of eight hundred dollars was found on him. He was accompanied by B. F. Gallagher, who was also arrested. Both had been spending money freely.

Bernard Wolfe pleaded guilty to a charge of arson Tuesday in New York, and hung by a rope to an air-pipe in the Tombs Wednesday.

Thieves raided Westfield, Ind., and among the victims is Al Flanagan, who runs a general store. Entrance to the store was gained by bursting open a rear door. The thieves carried away clothing, jewelry, and valuables to the amount of \$1,000. There is no clue.

There has been intense excitement at Huntington, Ind., over the capture of three supposed burglars. Robberies were so numerous a late that a posse was raised to put an end to them. Chief of Police Crawford captured five men, and started out. Two strangers were found in the Chicago and Erie yards, and when the officers attempted to arrest them, they opened fire. One placed a revolver against Policeman Dillon's head, and pulled the trigger five times, but the cartridge did not explode. Another fellow was chased a quarter of a mile, during a hot running fire, but escaped. The first one was jailed. Later two others were captured in an old ice house. It is believed this will break up the gang. Neither of the three arrested has a name.

An electric car between Belleaire, Ohio, and Wheeling, W. Va., was struck on a crossing by a B. & O. engine at Benwood, W. Va. It was crowded with passengers. Miss Kate Fitzpatrick and Mrs. Charles Miller were killed, and Joseph Emswiler fatally injured. All were of Wheeling. The car was completely demolished.

Two cars were wrecked on the new Chattahoochee electric line Friday, at Atlanta, Ga. Three men were killed and two fatally injured.

Martin Hall, of Lagrange County, Indiana, a serving life sentence in the penitentiary for the murder of Sheridan Hughes, Sept. 18, 1891, Judge Olds, of the Supreme Court, handed down a decision reversing the case of Martin Hall vs. The State. The evidence showed that Hughes, whose wife owned a big farm, had rented a field to Hughes and his brother. The two men were in the barn together, and Hall asked Hughes to take a drink of wine from a bottle. He did so and died in two hours. The motive of the murder does not appear from the opinion. The court declared that all were of equal rank, and admitting certain evidence. Hall will get a new trial.

Thomas Cross, of Ottawa, Ont., committed suicide by deliberately holding his head under water.

Fremantle Elliott, of the Santa Fe Railway, was killed in a head-on collision of cattle train on the road near Guthrie, O. T., Sunday.

John Gilson, secretary of the Judson Manufacturing Company, was robbed of \$17,000 by two men on a train in San Francisco.

The safe in Davies' store at Rosston, Ind., was blown open during a thunderstorm last Sunday. The thieves and safe-blowers went through the wall into the street. The Sheriff arrested Sam Jones and Henry Smith at Indianapolis as the crackers, and put them in jail in their possession was found \$150.

The following is a dispatch received Monday from the War Department from Valjeo, Cal.: A report which shook this town like a sharp shock of earthquake was heard at 11:30 o'clock this forenoon, and was followed by a series of smaller shocks. At the Mare Island Navy Yard. When the great volume of smoke at the yard cleared away, it was found that the explosion had taken place at the point where a highly inflammable magazine. The burned and charred bodies of two apprentice seamen were seen on the beach 200 yards from the scene of the explosion. A third body was at the same time on the way to the hospital. In the midst of the ruins were seen the bodies of the three men. The bodies collected the dead numbered twelve, with Gunner Hittinger of the cruiser Boston at the head. The bodies were greatly disfigured, some being cut in two, and nearly all maimed limbs.

The steamer A. E. Wilds, of Chicago, was lost in a collision with the steamer Douglas about eighteen miles off Milwaukee. The steamer boat was owned by A. E. Wilds, of Chicago, her captain, who valued her at \$25,000. She was insured for \$100,000.

A hurricane, accompanied by a terrific downpour of rain, swept over Chicago on Monday, and killed and injured several persons, as well as did great damage. The cottage of Frank Klina was completely wrecked by the wind, and his infant daughter killed. The roof of the Democratic wigwam was blown off by the storm, causing a loss of \$3,000. The complete list of persons killed is not yet made, and the total property damaged reaches \$50,000.

Harvey F. Stewart, of Chicago, was drowned while taking soundings of the lake off the World's Fair grounds.

Miss Leona Hart, a teacher at the Illinois Industrial Training School for Girls, was rescued from drowning by the Rev. William J. Petrie.

Three men broke into Klundt & George's store at Glen Haven, Wis., Saturday. Ed Barr and Otto Fabing, employees in the store, who were sleeping up-stairs, were freed from the burglars. Shots were exchanged, and when the burglars escaped through an open window one of them said he was shot.

A cyclonic wind swept over Orono Point at Lake Minnetonka, Minn., and wrought havoc. The boat of George A. Brackett, chairman of the local convention committee, was wrecked, and Mr. Brackett and his family had a

narrow escape from death. They did not have time to reach the cove before the wind was upon them. A number of trees, some of them half a century old, were blown over and onto the cottage. J. Sloan Fassett, of New York, and C. A. Pillsbury went into Minneapolis, and destroyed the house by fire. The Point of the cyclone swept off into the lake, where it spent its force on the water. The whole thing lasted but a few seconds.

George Whetstone, of Cass County, Texas, killed his two children and then committed suicide by shooting himself.

At Pittsburg comes a report of an unsuccessful attempt to rob the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad fast express.

A. J. Greer, chief of the gang of highwaymen who have committed many robberies, was captured by Deputy Sheriff Jackson and jailed at Huntington, Tenn.

Arrest was brought about by L. P. Francisco, who was assaulted in May by three masked men and robbed of \$3,000. He recognized his assailants' voices and offered a reward of \$200 for their arrest.

THE FIRE RECORD.

—Mackell & Slater's large maiting house at Suspension Bridge, N. Y., was destroyed by fire Tuesday morning. During the fire Herman Hartel and William Percy were at the top of a thirty-foot ladder which had been put up against the building. They were the same height and adjoining the mait tower, and Joseph Percy and Louis Floumet were standing on the roof. Suddenly the roof collapsed, and all four men were precipitated to the ground below. William Hartel received a concussion of the spine and was fatally hurt inwardly. Joseph Percy and Floumet were badly hurt, and it is not expected that the former will survive his injuries. The fire caused a loss of \$150,000, with \$40,000, with little insurance. In the elevator 70,000 bushels of malt, and the loss on this was valued at \$60,000, covered by insurance.

Lightning struck James McGuire's barn, six miles east of Washburn, Ind., and burned it to the ground with all contents. Loss about \$1,200. Insurance, \$500.

—Plating mill No. 2, of Woods, Jenks & Co., on Stone's levee, Cleveland, Ohio, was destroyed by fire. All the valuable machinery was ruined and an immense amount of lumber was burned. The loss will amount to between \$250,000 and \$300,000; insured for \$350,000.

POLITICAL.

—The Iowa People's Party State Convention at Des Moines had about 200 delegates and visitors. J. B. Robb was chosen Chairman of the State Committee; Richard Olney, Secretary; and M. L. Wheat selected to present the name of J. B. Weaver for President at the National Convention. The platform indorses the Sub-treasury scheme or something better and 2 per cent for the increase of money.

—The Missouri River is bowing at Kansas City and on up the river says that a big flood is now coming down from the upper country, caused by heavy rains and cloudbursts in the last few days. The present high water is from the June rise, and if on top of this come floods from such sources as indicated, there is every reason to fear great trouble for the lower river.

—The Maryland statute forbidding the importation of oleomargarine has been declared invalid.

—The reports received at Ottawa, Ont., indicate an enormous quantity of seal on the Bebring Sea this season. The information is received from the United States whalers from Alaska, and already forty sealers are now in or about Behring Sea, with the British gunboats. The sealers, however, have had a good start, and are likely to come out empty-handed. There are some sixty vessels altogether that have sailed out for these waters this year, sailing under the British flag.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—Sidney Dillon, the New York financier and railroad magnate, died at his residence, No. 23 West Fifty-seventh street, New York, at 11:10 Thursday morning. For more than a year Mr. Dillon had suffered from indigestion. Although attended by eminent physicians he could get no relief, and gradually became worse until twelve weeks ago, when he was compelled to take to his bed. Sidney Dillon was born in Northern New York 79 years ago, his parents having emigrated from Ireland many years previous. His father's poverty was so marked that when Sidney was but 7 years old he determined to strike out for himself, and secured the position of water-carrier on the Mohawk and Hudson Road, then being built between Albany and Schenectady, receiving \$1 a week and cart, and soon had a paying sand and water hauling business. When quite a young man Dillon made his debut in New York City and devoted his attention to carrying out railroad contracts. Mr. Dillon was known as Jay Gould's chief adviser. In 1884 his wealth was estimated at \$23,000,000 in railroad stocks and bonds and a few million in Government securities, but lately his possessions increased at a rapid rate.

—The noted Ohio Chief En-Tas-Wah-Kah died at Pawbuska of Bright's disease. He was just closing his second term as principal chief of the Osage nation. White Horn, the second chief, will ascend the throne.

President Polk of the Farmers' Alliance died in Washington Tuesday.

—Ex-Major Thomas Essex, of Columbus, Ind., is dead, aged 86.

FOREIGN.

—The Durban (England) miners have issued an appeal, stating that, owing to the condition of the mines, one-half of the miners are able to resume work.

—The returns issued by the Board of Trade for London for May show that the imports increased \$500,000 and the exports decreased \$1,000,000 as compared with that month of last year.

—The New Oriental Bank of London has failed, with liabilities of about \$15,000,000, besides the paid-up capital of \$6,000,000. The announcement created a great sensation in the City of London.

—Advices from Honolulu state that a trial of twenty people charged with conspiring to overthrow the Government is in progress there. The defense presented a demurrer, claiming there was no evidence to sustain the charges. If the general impression that the evidence brought out warrants the commitment of the prisoners for jury trial, not, perhaps, on charges of treason, but with a fair show of conviction on the charge of conspiracy. The penalty for treason by death for conspiracy is imprisonment not to exceed ten years and a fine of \$1,000.

—In the House of Commons Mr. Balfour announced that the Irish local government bill will be introduced in the next session.

—The hot wave seems to have struck the central section of the country all at once, and with fierce intensity seldom experienced. Chicago sweltered with the mercury in the 90's and 100's. The temperature in Michigan ran 94. The temperature for the same day last year was 72. The signal service announces that there is no likelihood of a return of wet weather.

MISCELLANEOUS.

—At Montreal at a meeting of the High Council of the American Foresters, High Chief Hanzor Cahill, of Chicago, presided at the annual address, in which he declared that the order had had a remarkable development both in the United States and Canada. The order now comprises 299 chapters, with a membership of 23,652.

—The next Supreme Council of the Royal Arcanum will be held in Minneapolis in June, 1892.

—The House passed the agricultural appropriation bill on Wednesday.

—Ex-Premier Mercier, of Quebec, has abandoned his private property, with Tourette, his county seat, and the Insurance Companies, to his creditors. His friends are endeavoring to locate his property to his aid. The liabilities amount to \$90,000. It is understood the property just covers his debts, so that he will be without a cent.

—Several cases of small-pox were discovered in Pittsburg, N. D.

—The United States Consul Willard, at Guaymas, Mexico, is dying.

—A ship laden with supplies for the starving Russians, from the circles of King's Daughters, sailed from New York.

—The House Committee on Military Affairs that visited Gettysburg was impressed with the battlefield, and will recommend the purchase of land occupied by Lee's army.

—The acreage of winter wheat, based on returns to the Department of Agriculture, is 99.9 per cent of the actual area of last year. There is a small increase in several of the Southern States, and an enlargement in Nebraska, 21 per cent, in winter wheat. The percentage of the spring wheat area is 100.3.

—A hailstorm disastrous to crops and fruit visited Nebraska in the vicinity of Doniphan.

—The Missouri River is bowing at Kansas City and on up the river says that a big flood is now coming down from the upper country, caused by heavy rains and cloudbursts in the last few days. The present high water is from the June rise, and if on top of this come floods from such sources as indicated, there is every reason to fear great trouble for the lower river.

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FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL.

—The Chicago Board of Trade was in a buzz of excitement Tuesday, owing to the depressing crop reports from Ohio, and would leaped up to 88 cents. Ed Partridge is said to have bought 3,000,000 bushels of shorts at that price.

—The Bell Telephone Company Wednesday declared an extra dividend of 3 per cent, besides its quarterly dividend of 3 per cent, payable June 15. The Western Union Telegraph Company declared a regular quarterly dividend of 14 per cent.

—The Kansas undertakers' trust undertook to force out an independent concern, and for doing so the United States Court has just rendered a verdict of \$5,000 damages against the combine.

—Union lumbermen at Tonawanda, New York, raised a riot because winter men were not discharged.

THE MARKETS.

Table listing market prices for various commodities such as CATTLE, HOGS, SHEEP, WHEAT, CORN, etc., with prices per bushel or head.

DEATH OF L. L. POLK.

END OF THE ALLIANCE PRESIDENT.

Blood Poisoning Results Fatally and His Demise Takes Place in Garfield Hospital—History of His Work in Behalf of the Farmers.

A Leader Is Gone. Leonidas L. Polk, President of the National Farmers' Alliance, is dead. The end came at 11:15 Saturday forenoon, at the Garfield Hospital, Washington, where he had been removed for treatment. Blood poisoning caused by bladder trouble was the cause of his demise. The patient had been lying seriously ill at his private residence for ten days. The result of consultation of physicians was his removal to the Garfield Hospital, where an operation was deemed the only means of saving his life. He became unconscious, from which condition he never rallied, and it was decided not to perform the operation.

When the end came Mrs. Polk, who had just arrived in the city, was at his bedside. Telegrams from all parts of the South were received inquiring after Mr. Polk's condition, and he had been daily visited by prominent men of the Farmers' Alliance.

Leonidas L. Polk was a native of Anson County, North Carolina, and was born on April 24, 1837. He was a descendant of the Mecklenburg family bearing that name, and was related to Colonel Thomas and William Polk, brave soldiers of the revolution, and James K. Polk, President of the United States. His parents died while he was a youth. He was married in 1857, and had four children. Soon after nominated and elected to the lower house of the State Legislature, serving at the regular and two extra sessions in 1860 and 1861. He enlisted in the Confederate army as a private, becoming a company captain, and served in the Twenty-first and thirty-fourth North Carolina regiments of infantry till the autumn of 1864, at which time he became the army candidate for the Legislature, and was elected with practical unanimity.

After his discharge he expressed desire to be admitted to the bar, and he was chosen a member of the State Constitutional Convention. In 1877 he was elected Commissioner of Agriculture for his State. He had meantime continued on his farm and left it with great reluctance to attend his official duties. In every instance the offices bestowed upon him sought the man, not the man the office. He was one of the earliest advocates of the establishment of a department of agriculture. In 1880 he began the publication of the Progressive Farmer, and at the same time began the organization of farmers' clubs, and soon had 500 chartered and in active working order. He also advocated the establishment of an agricultural and mechanical college and his plan was finally adopted by the State.

He brought the alliance before the people and at its organization in North Carolina he became its State Secretary and through his influence the farmers' clubs previously organized by him became the nucleus of the Farmers' Alliance. He was the first Vice President of the alliance in 1877, and in 1889 was chosen a delegate to the national convention of the order held in St. Louis, in December, 1889, and took an active part in its deliberations. When the Interstate Commerce Association was organized, he was chosen President of the National Farmers' Alliance, and held that position continuously up to the date of his death. Under his management the order had a marvelous growth, especially in the South and West. Mr. Polk was shown by the election of members of Congress in North Carolina, Georgia, Kansas and Minnesota, and has made great progress in other States, notably Illinois and Indiana, where in a number of districts it holds the balance of power.

Colonel Polk possessed great personal magnetism, and was an excellent organizer, a good parliamentarian, and a pleasing public speaker. He was in the farmers' movement from the beginning, and his addition to it, or his sacrifice much more than he ever could hope to gain from the success of his ideas and plans. He was earnest, enthusiastic and sincere, laboring with all his energies for the good of his fellow farmers, and he died at large. If he had lived he would undoubtedly have been the candidate of the Alliance for President of the United States at the election in November next.

The funeral was held at Raleigh, N. C., August 30, at 10 o'clock. The train bearing the body did not arrive until 3 o'clock in the afternoon. It was met at the depot by hundreds of people. The procession was formed and the body was escorted to the first Baptist church, where Mr. Polk was a communicant. By 4 o'clock the church was packed, the audience numbering at least a thousand. Among those present were Gov. Holt and all the State officers, members of the State Court, officers of the State Farmers' Alliance, and Grand Sire Buissee, of the Sovereign Grand Lodge Odd Fellows. The services were conducted by Rev. Drs. W. Carter, of the Farmers' Alliance, and J. J. Cole, pastor of the church, who, with ladies who also came, were given seats in front. At the conclusion of the services the Washington party returned to the train and left for that city.

World's Fair Notes. The American Library Association will make a notable exhibit. The English Admiralty authorities will take to Chicago models of a number of their vessels.

L. L. HAGENBECK, of Hamburg, the celebrated dealer in wild animals, will take to Chicago his entire collection of trained animals.

The H. C. Frick Coke Company, of Pennsylvania, has decided to make a complete working model in miniature of its entire plant.

DOINGS OF CONGRESS.

MEASURES CONSIDERED AND ACTED UPON.

At the Nation's Capital—What Is Being Done by the Senate and House—Old Matters Disposed Of and New Ones Considered.

There were just twenty-five Senators present in the Senate during the morning hour of the 13th, and the floor being on the Democratic side. Vice President Morton was in the chair. A bill to increase to \$1,000,000 the appropriation for a public building in Chicago, Ohio, was reported and placed on the calendar. Mr. Dolph read an argument in support of the bill introduced March 9, providing for the irrigation and reclamation of arid lands, and for the protection of forests, and the utilization of pastures. The bill was read by the committee, and referred to the Senate and referred to the Committee on Appropriations. The members of the House were in a very listless humor, and the committee of the whole, Mr. Montgomery, of Kentucky, in the chair, for the consideration of the appropriation for the irrigation and reclamation of arid lands, was a general debate and the bill was read by paragraphs for amendment.

In the House, on the 9th, the day was given to the Committee on Industry, who occupied over five hours in discussing measures on the calendar. Among the bills reported by the committee, and of which the House had no action, were a bill to amend an act relating to the death of a killing committed in any place under United States jurisdiction; punishing murder in the second degree by life imprisonment; repealing the statute requiring every manufacturer and producer and selling leaf tobacco to furnish a statement of sales and the names of persons purchasing the same; and a bill to amend an act relating to the punishment of manslaughter by imprisonment of not less than one nor more than twenty years; repealing the statute requiring every manufacturer and producer and selling leaf tobacco to furnish a statement of sales and the names of persons purchasing the same; and a bill to amend an act relating to the punishment of manslaughter by imprisonment of not less than one nor more than twenty years; repealing the statute requiring every manufacturer and producer and selling leaf tobacco to furnish a statement of sales and the names of persons purchasing the same; 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