# The Star and Herald.

A. R. ZIMMERMAN, W. G. DUSTIN, } PUBLISHERS.

DWIGHT, - - ILLINOIS.


## A FOOL AND HIS MONEY

### MR. HEYDER, OF BUFFALO, PROVES THE OLD ADAGE.

**The Advertising Handbill Not In It—Suicide of a Traveling Man—A Nebraska County in a Pretty Pickle—Through a Tunnel to Liberty.**

**From Far and Near.**

—Albert Heyder, of Buffalo, N. Y., fell into a fortune in Texas and fell among thieves in Chicago. He gained $45,000 by one and lost $3,000 of it by the other. Heyder arrived in that city with $8,000 in a buckskin bag sewed to his shirt under his left arm. He went to the Van Buren Street depot to catch an Eastern train, but, having to wait some time, wandered over to Clark street, where he met Josie Rich. The couple had several drinks together and Heyder began to feel sick. The Rich woman took him to 370 Clark street. When he woke up he found his money gone. He complained to the police and the woman was arrested. The money was not found in her possession, but she implicated another woman in the robbery. So far the second one has not been captured.

—A neat illustration of the value of newspaper advertising was given at the Portland, Me., Young Men's Christian Association meeting Sunday, when General Secretary McDonald stated that he had some curiosity to know what method of advertising reached the most people. He had circulated thousands of little dodgers, giving notice of the meeting, and he asked those who had seen them and had been moved to come through that means, to rise. The hall was packed as full as it could hold, and of the entire number about fifteen rose. Then Mr. McDonald asked all who read the notices in the newspapers, and had been influenced by them, to rise, and the crowd rose in a body.

—William H. McElroy, a traveling man for the firm of McElroy, Benedict & Fowler, of New York, shot and instantly killed himself in his room at the Auditorium Hotel, Chicago. No cause for the shooting is assigned.

—Boyd County, Nebraska, is in open rebellion. When the county was formed no provision was made for attaching it to any legislative district. The County Commissioners have passed resolutions denying the State's authority and declaring that they will not submit to taxation while being denied representation.

—All the prisoners, seven in number, confined in the Texarkana (Ark.) jail escaped by cutting a hole in the floor and then tunneling for a distance of twelve feet to a brick wall, which they succeeded in cutting through. None of the prisoners has been recaptured.

—Esher Hobrand, an Austrian girl, 23 years of age, committed suicide at Braddock, Pa., by drowning. Unrequited love is supposed to have been the cause.

—The coal mine of W. T. Carter & Co., near Hazelton, Pa., is on fire. Several hundred men will be thrown out of employment.

—The Boards of Education and Health in Bay City, Mich., decided to close two of the public schools on account of diphtheria.

—Two colored dredgers who reached Norfolk, Va., from Tangier Island report that the inhabitants of the island on the point of starvation.

—Sixty persons have been frozen to death in Russian Poland in the last week. One day the thermometer fell to 61 degrees below zero.

—Genuine leprosy has been diagnosed in the case of a Chinaman at Napoleon, Ohio.

—James Shockley was prostrated by an epileptic fit in a stable at Keller on, Iowa, and froze to death before he was discovered.

—At Bridgeport, Conn., O. B. Hall and Sarah A. Hall, of Bridgeport, Conn., and Robert T. McElhiney, of Brookfield, Mo., filed notice with the town clerk that they will ask for the sale of five and a half acres of land in Seaside Park, which they claim belongs to them. The ownership of the tract has been disputed since P. T. Barnum gave it to the city, and is now valued at nearly $10,000.

—Cardinal Joseph Alfred Foulon, Archbishop of Lyons is dead. Joseph Alfred Foulon was born in Paris, April 29, 1823.

—The jury at Pittsburgh has acquitted Mrs. Marsh and Mr. McIntosh of the charge of theft of the private effects of the deceased Superintendent of Police, Gamble Weir.

—A West Shore passenger train ran off the track at East Buffalo owing to an open switch. The engine was capsized and Engineer Smith and Fireman Fox were badly scalded.

—John D. Rockefeller and other heavy Standard Oil stockholders are reported to have formed a steel trust with a capital of $4,000,000.

—The Congregation of the Propaganda is considering the question of the elevation of the bishopric of Dallas, Texas, into an archbishopric.

—Elevator B at Indianapolis, owned by Fred P. Rush & Co., was burned, with 120,000 bushels of wheat and 50,000 bushels of corn and oats. The loss is $150,000.

—Mrs. Jane Nagle-White, of Cheyenne, has been granted a divorce from her second husband. The latter some time ago caused a sensation by declaring that she promised him $400,000 to marry her and running away with $100,000 of his wife's money.

—J. N. Huston, formerly Chairman of the Republican State Committee of Indiana and for two years United States Treasurer under President Harrison, in discussing politics with a friend recently said that he attributed the Republican defeat to a general feeling of apathy on the part of Republicans more than to any other one cause. "I think," he added, "that Harrison will be the Republican candidate in 1896."

—The comet medal of the Astronomical Society of the Pacific has been awarded to Professor W. R. Brooks, of Geneva, N. Y., for the discovery of an unexpected comet Nov. 19, 1892.

—The Beacon Lamp Company at Boston, in its defense against the injunction suit brought by the Edison Company, has set up a claim attacking the validity of Edison's patent for incandescent lights. The Beacon Company has filed affidavits to show that Henry Gobel was the original inventor of the incandescent electric light.

—For fear of arrest J. W. Hyams, the world's champion liar, who victimized the press of the whole country by his story of the alleged Baker-style lynching riot, has skipped from Johnson City, Tenn., leaving his hotel in the lurch to the amount of his board.

### CRIME AND CASUALTY.

—The wife of A. W. Fillie, who went to Radford, Va., from Illinois recently, was found chained in a deserted barn near town Tuesday. Fillie had spread the story that the woman was insane and would soon be sent to an asylum. She proved to be perfectly sane. It is surmised that Fillie and a woman who posed as his housekeeper were trying to put Mrs. Fillie out of the way. Fillie is under arrest and the jail is heavily guarded, as there is danger of lynching.

—Officer Bethold shot Jim Salles, colored, at Richmond, Ind. Salles was in a saloon row with his razor and resisted arrest. The ball entered his mouth.

—At Helena, Ark., Nathan Ramsey, colored, was hanged On Jan. 18, last year, Ramsey, in company with several other negroes, murdered Prince Mallory, a negro neighbor. Mallory was called to his door and shot by Ramsey.

—While a sleighing party consisting of fifteen or twenty people was returning to Cleveland from Euclid Wednesday night the sleigh was run into from the rear by an electric motor, injuring six persons seriously.

—A Lake Erie & Western passenger train went through the bridge spanning the Wabash River at Peru, Ind., Friday morning. So far as can be learned no one was killed outright, but every passenger on the train was more or less injured, and one has since died, while three others are not expected to live. One of the end spans of the immense bridge went down, carrying the train with it. Fire immediately broke out and in less than an hour the entire train was burned. There were seven passengers in the chair car and all were more or less injured.

—Robert George, a nephew of United States Senator J. Z. George, of Mississippi, has committed suicide at Carrollton, to escape a worse and more disgraceful death on the gallows. He was under arrest charged with the murder of Captain W. B. Prince, a wealthy planter.

—Mrs. L. F. Windsor committed suicide Friday at the farm of her husband, ten miles west of Hornellsville, N. Y. Early in the morning the servant girl, while pursuing her usual duties in the back part of the house, heard a shot fired and as it sounded close by she immediately began an investigation. As she opened the door she was horrified to see the body of her mistress lying on the floor with a revolver still clutched in her hand. Death had been instantaneous, as the bullet went clear through her heart.

—Charles Hoffman, 17 years old and residing on Ludington avenue, Menominee, Mich., committed suicide by shooting himself through the heart. Ill health and despondency caused the deed.

—An explosion of giant powder in a mine at Richmond, Utah, killed Benjamin Lewis and mortally injured James Ken.

—The preliminary examination of the Sporer brothers for the murderous assault on Hotelkeeper Stauber, of Menominee, Mich., has begun at Menominee.

—Mrs. Anne Crawford, of Chicago, was chloroformed and robbed on the street at Fort Scott.

—Fifteen of the prisoners confined in the county jail at Springfield, Greene County, Mo., made a bold escape about 3 o'clock in the afternoon while Jailer Ward was opening the door for a prisoner to take out the refuse. Taylor, the wife beater, assaulted and held him while another prisoner opened the cell doors and let the prisoners escape. The officers up to date have had succeeded in recapturing seven of the men, who are charged with small crimes. Among the others still at large are Peter Renfrow and Shorty Cook. Renfrow is under sentence to be hanged for the murder of Constable Charles Dorris, at Summerville, Texas County, several years ago while resisting arrest. As Renfrow left the jail he grabbed the jailer's revolver and kicked off the telephone instruments from the wall. It is doubtful if Renfrow will allow himself to be captured alive, as he is a man of great nerve and a dead shot.

—The hand of death descended with appalling and widespread effect at the little hamlet of Downtown and Oppossed, Ill. The east-bound limited express on the Big Four Road ran into an open switch, causing a disastrous wreck. While willing hands were working at the debris and trying to quench a fire which had started from the explosion of two oil cars, and hundreds of curious residents in the vicinity were grouped about the wreckage, five more tanks exploded in rapid succession and 5,000 gallons of burning oil enveloped the workmen and the surrounding crowd in a mantle of fatality. As a result of the double disaster sixteen persons are dead, nineteen more are suffering from agonizing injuries which will probably result fatally, and many others have received burns more or less serious. No estimate can be made, but it will reach at least $100,000.

—The Taggert family lived in a cheap lodging house at Philadelphia. Tageart did little toward providing for the family and the $4 a week earned by his stepson was the main support of the needy household. When Thomas came home the other evening he asked his mother why she was never ready to sup per with him. His question enraged the hard-worked woman. She turned suddenly from the stove, where she was cooking buckwheat cakes, and thrust a knife into the breast of her son. He died in a few minutes and an officer arrested Mrs. Taggert.

—Waiter B. Brooks, the defaulting local freight agent of the Sioux City and Northern, who fled from Sioux City Tuesday night, leaving a shortage of about $5,000, was located at the house of a friend in St. Joseph, Mo. Detectives surrounded the house, when Brooks leaped from a third-story window and made his escape.

—At Boston John Logan, foreman of the American Watch Company and inventor of the hair spring, committed suicide by shooting himself.

—James T. L. Harris, who was cashier of the Dallas County Bank, at Odell, Iowa, which failed last September, has been indicted for illegal banking. The bank was a private concern and the liabilities about $40,000, of which not over 10 per cent. is covered by insurance. Harris has disappeared.

### THE FIRE RECORD.

—At Pine Bluff, Ark., the high school building was destroyed by fire. Loss, $25,000; insurance, $9,000. Fire was discovered in a stable at Zanesville, Ohio, belonging to Terrence O'Brien. The flames reached the furniture establishment of J. W. Ball & Co., totally destroying the building and its contents. There were also horses in the stable at the time, two of which were burned. The loss is about $25,000 and is almost covered by insurance.

—Story & Co.'s big five-story storage warehouse at New York took fire at 1:30 o'clock Friday morning. Shortly after the fire started an explosion blew out the curtain wall. The wall fell on the adjoining building, burying fifteen men under the ruins. Seven men were fatally hurt. The explosion threw large quantities of the cotton and rice over the men, and the blazing oil added fuel to the flames. The loss is estimated at $300,000.

—The Sunapee Hame Works, Sunapee, N. H., were burned. The fire originated in the wood department of an old shop. Loss, $50,000; insurance, $20,000.

—At Shelbyville, Tenn., a fierce fire broke out on Thursday morning. No water was obtainable and the flames spread rapidly. W. B. Edminster's furniture store, N. Lowenstein's dry goods establishment, J. W. Fryerson & Co.'s grain and lumber warehouses, Ward's shoe store, the Gazette printing office, Hopkins & Nance's saddlery establishment, and Hix's saloon were destroyed. The loss is $100,000.

—A. M. Gump & Co., dealers in sporting goods at Dayton, were burned out. Loss, $85,000.

### PERSONAL MENTION.

—Obituary: At Rome, Rev. James Jones, S. J.—At Edinburgh, Right Rev. John McLachlan, bishop of Galway.—At Pueblo, Colo., Joseph Hutchins, the landscape artist.—At Clifton, Ky., Mrs. Sarah Eastwood.

—Miss Laura Gleason, of Hornellsville, N. Y., has lately fallen heir to more than $100,000 by the death of Lucas Gleason, the millionaire banker of Syracuse. The estate is estimated to be worth more than $1,000,000. Miss Gleason's share will be one-ninth of this. She is a young woman 17 years of age.

—Fourteen years ago at Cincinnati, Reina Rehte and Miss Emma Theis quarreled on their wedding eve. He went West and was lost sight of. Last summer Miss Theis visited in Oklahoma and by accident met Mr. Rehm. The quarrel was adjusted, and Thursday the long delayed wedding will occur.

—Obituary: At Boston, Julius Eichberg, the musician, aged 68.—At La Porte, Ind., David Stoner, aged 90.—At Rockford, Ill., Mrs. Eunice R. Haskell, aged 89.—At Springfield, Ill., Mrs. J. A. Vincent.

—After diligent inquiry as to the removed approaching nuptials of Senator Charles James Faulkner, of West Virginia, to the widow of Senator Bearss, of California, it is learned from those who are intimate with the Senator that the rumor was started by a careless remark by one of the Senator's friends a few days ago. Faulkner has been a widower for two years and has no present intention of taking another wife.

### FROM WASHINGTON.

—Governor Murphy of Arizona is in Washington, D. C., to use his influence for the admission of the territory.

—The Washington Evening News says: "Chief Justice Fuller is said to be seriously thinking of giving up the exalted position he now occupies and returning to the extensive law practice which he left in Chicago when he came to Washington. The reason he gives for entertaining this idea is that the salary of $10,500 attached to the office of Chief Justice is a poor compensation for the $40,000 or $50,000 which he was accustomed to earn every year at home in his profession, especially when the additional social expenses in Washington are taken into account." The Chief Justice is at present on the bench and cannot be interviewed. Senator Gray, who has been frequently mentioned as a probable member of the Cleveland Cabinet, is authoritatively reported to have ceased pushing his claims and will instead seek an appointment to the Supreme Bench, as it is expected that shortly after the inauguration Justice Lamar will resign.

—In the House, Saturday, the floor was accorded to the Committee on Commerce and the quarantine bill was called up. Mr. Raynor in advocating the bill depicted the awful consequences should cholera gain a foothold in the next summer, and said that personally he would be in favor of suspending immigration from infected ports until all danger of disease is passed. There were two classes of immigrants that came to this country. One class was a benefit, the other a detriment and a curse. This country was intended as an asylum for the downtrodden and oppressed, but it was never intended that it should be a refuge for those who came here believing that this free country would allow them to put their pernicious principles into execution. Then Mr. Raynor branched off in a discussion of the constitutional objections which had been raised to the bill, and a colloquy between Mr. Crain and himself gave rise to some excitement and a good deal of amusement. Both gentlemen were extremely sarcastic, and although Raynor was quicker in repartee than Mr. Crain, the applause was pretty evenly divided.

### FOREIGN.

—Advices from Canton, China, say that some criminals were executed on the 23d inst. at Canton for parricide, by the slicing process. The prisoners were bound to a cross and then sliced to death.

—Colon dispatch: For twenty-seven days without food and water the passengers and crew of the sloop Juane have existed. The survivors are Capt. De la Tor, with a crew of two and fifteen passengers. Seven passengers perished. They had rattans four days, puppies for three days, and fasted twenty days. The water also gave out. When the wretched passengers were strong enough to speak they nearly all denied cannibalism, but two of them admitted it—not only admitted it, but went into particulars. As each one grew weaker and weaker finally no strength remained with which to throw the dead ones overboard. The decayed debris was found with the living and taken ashore with them. Among other things found was a woman's arm broken off just below the elbow. The fingers and hand tapered with some beauty, as if they belonged to a well-bred woman. It was picked almost to the bone. They had been unable to throw away this last evidence.

—Ex-King Milan and Queen Natalie of Servia are reported to have become reconciled.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

—Mayor Eustis of Minneapolis has issued an order closing every gambling house in that city.

—The National Woman Suffrage Association decided at its session Tuesday to meet in Washington every alternate year at the beginning of the long session of Congress.

—Forty-six oyster dredges have applied at Baltimore for shelter. They tell tales of terrible suffering on the sloops.

—Japanese Consul Kito at Vancouver, B. C., has received word of his Government's intention to prohibit sealing by foreigners within the international limit of the Japanese coast. Warships will patrol the coast, an appropriation for the necessary expense having been made by the last session of Parliament. The value of the seals taken by foreign vessels during the last year is estimated at $810,000. Japanese sailors only got seals valued at $26,000 in the same period. The two sealing companies now in Japan brought pressure on the government.

—Justice Barlett, of the Brooklyn Supreme Court, has rendered an opinion declaring that "Pat" Gleason is not Mayor of Long Island City. The Justice, however, says he is not satisfied that Horatio S. Sanford is legally qualified to act as Mayor, but has designated Hiram Gilbert of the Council to act in that capacity pending a settlement of the dispute.

—One of the largest lines of fire insurance ever placed by any corporation in Pittsburg has been placed by the United States Glass Company, which owns all the factories on the South Side. In all over $2,000,000 worth of insurance was placed. Of this amount $1,000,000 was placed in Pittsburg and the other $1,000,000 in New York companies. The cost for a year runs up to a small forune.

—Off Ocean View, in Norfolk, Va., harbor are fourteen schooners, and at Lynn Haven Bay are two others flying signals of distress, but no boats can get near them. They are bound fast in the ice, and no one knows how long they will have to wait for their signals to be answered. The names of the vessels cannot even be learned. The steamboats which come in report hundreds of vessels frozen in the ice in Hampton Roads and lower bay.

—The Cingalese exhibits for the World's Fair brought on the steamship Empress of Japan, will be kept at Vancouver, B. C., until the balance arrive on the next steamer, when a special train will convey them to Chicago. Over five hundred packages were received, mostly ebony, teak and other building materials for the Cingalese building. Several Cingalese are also expected by the next steamer who will erect the building.

—The ice bridge which spans the river between Niagara, Ont., and Queenstown began to move Friday morning about 8 o'clock. It cracked all along both shores and is gradually floated down about 100 yards, carrying with it the dock of Paradise Grove and doing considerable damage to other property. The mass of ice has again gorged and formed a bridge. It is feared that when the ice moves again it will carry the Michigan Central depot and tracks and Malloy's dock with it.

—The Canadian trade and navigation report for the fiscal year shows an increase in the value of exports from $89,000,000 to $133,000,000, nearly $100,000 of these exports being agricultural products. The imports show a decrease of $7,000,000. Exports to the United States have decreased over $2,000,000 and imports have decreased about $3,000,000.

—The Hawaiian Legislature has granted an exclusive franchise to H. B. Cross, of Chicago; W. B. Davenport, of St. Louis; and John Phillips, J. J. Williams, Samuel Nourhin, and W. C. Achi, of Honolulu, to operate a lottery in all its various forms.

—Nantucket is cut off from the main land by immense ice floes, which prevent vessels from reaching the island, and it is feared that the inhabitants are short of fuel and supplies. The island of Chincoteague, in Chesapeake Bay, is in a similar condition.

—The diphtheria scourge at Iron River, Wis., is reported under control.

—The Illinois Supreme Court has filed an opinion at Mount Vernon affirming the right of women to vote on school elections.

### FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

—An unknown tramp steamer is aground on the outer end of Cape May Point, N. J., shoal, in a dangerous position.

—Three Chicago tailors who were induced to go to Louisville refused to go to work when they found they were expected to take the places of strikers and were arrested on bail writs for $4 each, the amount paid for their fare. The Tailors' Union of Louisville secured their release and paid their fare back to Chicago.

—The International Union of Bricklayers and Masons in convention at Baltimore, Md., voted in favor of a request of Chicago unions for co-operation in the work of getting the authorities to sanction the opening of the World's Fair on Sunday.

—Fulmer, Thornton & Co., of Memphis, Tenn., have made a partial assignment. Assets, nominally $350,000; liabilities, none.

—H. E. Bucklen, of Chicago, has sold manufacturing buildings in Elkhart, Ind., to C. H. Poorbaugh, also of Chicago. The latter will remove his business of manufacturing separators to Elkhart.

—The largest real estate deal ever recorded in Council Bluffs, Iowa, was that by which the Omaha Bridge and Terminal Railway Company comes into possession of a tract of ground in the western part of the city. The consideration is over half a million dollars.

—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

Severe weather appears to account in part for somewhat general shrinkage in business, in many branches checking purchases, and in others output or deliveries. There is a somewhat general increase in complaints about collections, although money at nearly all markets is comparatively easy, and in supply adequate for legitimate demands.

### THE MARKETS.

| | |
|---|---|
| **CHICAGO.** | |
| CATTLE—Common to Prime | $2.25 @ 6.00 |
| HOGS—Shipping Grades | 3.50 @ 8.00 |
| SHEEP—Fair to Choice | 3.00 @ 5.50 |
| WHEAT—No. 2 Spring | .73 @ .74 |
| CORN—No. 2 | .43 @ .44 |
| OATS—No. 2 | .31 @ .32 |
| RYE—No. 2 | .54 @ .56 |
| BUTTER—Choice Creamery | .32½@ .33½ |
| EGGS—Fresh | .31 @ .32 |
| POTATOES—New, per bu | .65 @ .75 |
| **INDIANAPOLIS.** | |
| CATTLE—Shipping | 2.25 @ 5.50 |
| HOGS—Choice Light | 3.50 @ 7.50 |
| SHEEP—Common to Prime | 3.00 @ 5.00 |
| WHEAT—No. 2 Red | .67½@ .68½ |
| CORN—No. 2 White | .40 @ .40½ |
| OATS—No. 2 White | .35 @ .36 |
| **ST. LOUIS.** | |
| CATTLE | 3.00 @ 5.00 |
| HOGS | 3.00 @ 7.50 |
| WHEAT—No. 2 Red | .68 @ .69 |
| CORN—No. 2 | .38 @ .39 |
| OATS—No. 2 | .31 @ .32 |
| RYE—No. 2 | .85 @ .86 |
| **CINCINNATI.** | |
| CATTLE | 3.00 @ 5.25 |
| HOGS | 3.00 @ 7.75 |
| SHEEP | 3.00 @ 5.00 |
| WHEAT—No. 2 Red | .73 @ .73½ |
| CORN—No. 2 | .43 @ .44 |
| OATS—No. 2 Mixed | .34½@ .35½ |
| RYE—No. 2 | .62 @ .64 |
| **DETROIT.** | |
| CATTLE | 3.00 @ 4.50 |
| HOGS | 3.00 @ 7.50 |
| SHEEP | 3.00 @ 4.50 |
| WHEAT—No. 2 Red | .74 @ .75 |
| CORN—No. 2 Yellow | .43 @ .44 |
| OATS—No. 2 White | .38½@ .39½ |
| **TOLEDO.** | |
| WHEAT—No. 2 | .73 @ .73½ |
| CORN—No. 2 White | .43 @ .43½ |
| OATS—No. 2 White | .34½@ .35½ |
| RYE | .59 @ .61 |
| **BUFFALO.** | |
| CATTLE—Common to Prime | 3.00 @ 5.25 |
| HOGS—Best Grades | 4.60 @ 8.00 |
| WHEAT—No. 1 Hard | .82 @ .83 |
| CORN—No. 2 Yellow | .44 @ .46 |
| **MILWAUKEE.** | |
| WHEAT—No. 2 Spring | .65 @ .66 |
| CORN—No. 3 | .41 @ .41½ |
| OATS—No. 2 White | .36 @ .36 |
| RYE—No. 1 | .61 @ .62 |
| BARLEY—No. 2 | .64 @ .65 |
| PORK—Mess | 18.50 @19.00 |
| **NEW YORK.** | |
| CATTLE | 3.70 @ 6.00 |
| HOGS | 3.00 @ 8.00 |
| SHEEP | 3.40 @ 5.50 |
| WHEAT—No. 2 Red | .79 @ .81 |
| CORN—No. 2 | .51 @ .52 |
| OATS—Mixed Western | .39 @ .43 |
| BUTTER—Western | .24 @ .35 |
| PORK—New Mess | 18.25 @18.75 |

## VOTE TO PASS THE BILL.

### THE HOUSE ACTS ON THE QUARANTINE MEASURE.

**Its Consideration Is Completed in One of the Stormiest of Sessions—Doubts If It Goes Far Enough—The Egyptian Situation Is Becoming Critical.**

**Told In a Few Words.**

—There have been many stormy and confused sessions of the House, but they have generally been held when a matter of political or personal interest has been at stake. Rarely has a more boisterous meeting been held over a nonpartisan and nonpersonal measure than that which occurred Monday. Members were at cross-purposes over the quarantine bill. Its most earnest supporters believed that it did not go far enough, and while they acquiesced in some of the amendments made by the New York members they did so under a protest and in the belief that if they did not do so the measure would meet a lingering death through filibustering. After many parliamentary wrangles the bill was finally passed. The bill as it passed the House requires all vessels clearing for the United States to obtain from the Consul or Vice Consul at the port of departure a bill of health. The President is authorized to detail a medical officer to serve in the office of the Consul at any foreign port for the purpose of furnishing information and giving the bills of health. The Marine Hospital service shall co-operate with State and municipal boards of health in the enforcement of the rules of such boards and the regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury to prevent the introduction of contagious and infectious diseases into the United States from foreign countries and from one State into another. But nothing shall be construed to warrant a Federal officer in relaxing State rules. On the arrival of an infected vessel at any port not provided with proper facilities for treatment, the Secretary of the Treasury may remand the vessel to the nearest national or other quarantine.

—The Egyptian situation is becoming very grave. Lord Rosebery has received telegraphic advices from Cairo which say that the Khedive had intimated his intention to refer to the Turkish Sultan and to the treaty powers the action of England in causing the dismissal of the Fakhri Cabinet. Other advices from Cairo say that the natives are greatly excited.

—Justice L. Q. C. Lamar, of the United States Supreme Court, died at Macon, Ga., Monday night. He was stopping at the home of W. H. Virgin, his relative, and late in the afternoon took his overcoat and started out for a walk. He had scarcely left the house when he was met by a friend and returned to Mr. Virgin's house, where he talked cheerfully for quite a time with his friends. Justice Lamar dined at 6:30 with the family, and seemed to have a good appetite and to be in a cheerful mood. His friend Dr. Llewellyn, whom he had met, left the house at 7:40 o'clock. A short time after this the Justice was seized with violent pains and died in a few minutes.

—The Capital National Bank of Lincoln, Neb., has been closed by the National Bank Examiner. Deposits, $625,000; the State has $250,000 on deposit.

—The Rev. John Jasper of "Sun Do Move" fame in an interview said the colored people are becoming as worldly minded as the whites, and the whole human race so wicked that the Almighty has sent this severely cold winter as a reminder to the people that they must do better. He predicts that the population will be considerably thinned out in the near future. Jasper says he is inspired to do good.

—Friday morning three military prisoners at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., penitentiary escaped by knocking down the guard at the outside gate. Within a few moments several hundred soldiers were in pursuit and two of them were recaptured after being shot, one in the leg and the other by a spent ball in the head. Neither of them was fatally hurt. The third one reached timber and is still at large. Eight prisoners have broken from the guards so far, all but two of whom are still at liberty. So many of them getting away is due to the Missouri River being frozen over, so that they can cross to the timber opposite the fort.

—Diphtheria is prevailing to quite an alarming extent in Berlin Township, a few miles north of Norwalk, Ohio. The family of Mr. Wilbur four children have just died, and Mrs. Wilbur is very sick with the disease. The schools have been closed.

—J. McKeever, a station tender at the Homestake mine hoist, Deadwood, S. D., fell down the 500-foot shaft and was killed. He was a young man and was married less than a month ago.

—M. Cucinello, manager of the Bank of Naples, was arrested at Rome for embezzling 2,000,000 lire.

—Two children of Albert Glass, living near Hollidaysburg, Pa., were burned to death in a fire following a lamp explosion.

—Among the passengers by the North German Lloyd steamer Kaiser Wilhelm II., which arrived in New York Monday morning from Genoa, were Andrew Carnegie and wife.

—Mrs. Charles H. Hoyt, known as Flora Walsh on the stage, died at the Parker House, Boston, Sunday evening.

—Washington rumor says that Marc Satolli will receive a cardinal's red hat before long and that he will be succeeded as apostolic delegate by either Archbishop Ireland or Bishop Keane.

—Five thousand people mobbed the residences of Rev. Dean Hart at Denver Sunday night. The dean has been prominent in enforcing Sunday closing and has secured the arrest of several theater managers for opening their places on Sunday.

—Lord Aberdeen is spoken of in connection with the Governorship of Canada.

—James Francis Egan, sentenced to Portland prison, England, as a dynamite conspirator, was released Saturday, being met at the jail threshold by John Barry, M. P. for South Wexford.

—St. Joseph, Mo., wholesale dealers have decided to break the whisky trust and a distillery to cost $100,000 will be erected. The firms composing the new company are the C. D. Smith Drug Company, Van Natta-Lynds Drug Company, E. F. Hartwig Liquor Company, and the Westheimer Liquor Company.

—Chauncey M. Depew has presented the Yale gymnasium with a picture of the old Yale fence, by Howland, of New York.

—Fire destroyed George McBeth's lamp chimney works at Elwood, Ind., the largest factory of the kind in the world. Loss, $100,000.

—Two girls were killed at a grade crossing near Elmira, N. Y. A sleighing party of six was struck by an express train, four escaping injury.

—Rev. Henry Van Dyke, of the Brick Presbyterian Church, New York, has renewed himself publicly and emphatically on the side of Rev. Mr. Briggs.

## DOINGS OF CONGRESS.

### MEASURES CONSIDERED AND ACTED UPON.

**At the Nation's Capital—What Is Being Done by the Senate and House—Old Matters Disposed Of and New Ones Considered.**

**The Senate and House.**

In the Senate the anti-option bill was debated Tuesday for nearly three hours and then went over without action. Sweeping denunciations of the measure were made by Senators Hoar (Mass.), Vest (Mo.) and Platt (Conn.), as being a utter contravention of the constitution of the United States and in violation of the rights of the States. Mr. Platt yielded to many interrup tions and was, therefore, unable to finish his argument. The McGarraghan bill received its death-blow for this session in the Senate, the affirmative vote falling eight short of the constitutional majority. The following bills were passed: For the abandonment of the Fort Bridger military reservation in Wyoming. House bill to authorize the construction of bridges across the Hiawassee, the Tennessee, and the Clinch rivers, in the State of Tennessee. In the House a few private measures were passed, and the Committee on Judiciary having, under a prior order, the right of way, called up some bills of secondary importance, to the loss of most public interest was that providing for punishment of offenses by passengers on the high seas, which was passed. On motion of Mr. Chipman (Mich.) a resolution was agreed to making provision for the joint meeting of the two houses of Congress on Wednesday, Feb. 8, to count the electoral votes.

The Senators gathered at the Capitol early Wednesday morning, conferred together, and decided that the Senate should adjourn immediately after the reading of the journal, as a token of respect to the memory of ex-President Hayes. The House, as a mark of respect to the memory of the dead, also adjourned.

In the House Thursday a bill was passed to meet the requirements of the Interstate Commerce law relative to the testimony of witnesses. Mr. Wise (Va.) called up a Senate bill concerning testimony in criminal cases growing out of the interstate commerce act with a substitute providing that no person shall be excused from attending or testifying before the Interstate Commerce Commission on the ground that the testimony or evidence may tend to criminate him. The substitute was agreed to, and the bill as amended was passed without objection. Mr. Boatner (La.) offered an amendment requiring all railway common carriers to be kept from connecting lines loaded cars or trains to be hauled to the point of delivery at a rate not exceeding that they charge for similar service over their lines. Agreed to, 85 to 58. The bill was then passed. The bill for the establishment of a national quarantine was called up, but the opponents of the measure were forced against it and finally forced an adjournment. The discussion of the anti-options bill was continued in the Senate from 2 o'clock until the time of adjournment, but no action was taken on the bill itself or on Mr. George's amendment to it. In the morning hour Mr Peffer (Kas.) concluded his speech on the bill to fix a single term for the Presidential office. Mr. Cullom (Ill.), from the committee on commerce, reported a bill appropriating $29,500 for establishing buoys on the water front of Chicago. Passed.

The Senate Friday paid an additional mark of respect to the memory of ex-President Hayes by adjourning without transacting any miscellaneous business. The House also adjourned out of respect to the memory of ex-President Hayes. The general deficiency appropriation bill was reported and placed on the calendar. Mr. Warner (Dem.), of New York, from the Committee on Manufactures, presented a report on the sweating system, and will be placed upon the calendar. Mr. Dearmond (Dem.), of Missouri, from the Committee on the Election of President, etc., reported a bill to repeal the sections of the Revised Statutes concerning supervisors of elections.

The new Columbian postage stamp was vigorously attacked in the Senate Saturday by Mr. Wolcott (Col.). After transacting routine business, Mr. Wolcott called up the joint resolution introduced by him some days ago to discontinue the sale of the Columbian postage stamps. He was at a loss to understand, he said, why those stamps had ever been manufactured. He noticed that the Postmaster General suggested in his report that there would be expected to receive $1,500,000 extra profits out of their sale to stamp collectors. That was a trick that might suit some of the little Central American states when they have a few thousand dollars "ahy," but the United States was too big a country to unload a cruel and unusual stamp upon stamp collectors. The feature of the session of the House was the consideration of the national quarantine bill. It was ushered in by an eloquent speech from Congressman Rayner, of Maryland, who depicted the dangers which was imminent to the people of this country from unrestricted immigration, and who urged upon the House the necessity of agreeing to some national law which would protect the United States from an invasion of its most deadly enemy—cholera.

Mr. Chandler (N. H.) diverted the Senate Monday by replying to Senators Vest, Senators, Messrs. Hoar (Mass.) and Platt, (Conn.) for putting forward against the anti-option bill a constitutional argument that would be equally strong if its subject were a tariff law. At the conclusion of Mr. Chandler's speech the anti-option bill went over without action, an agreement having previously been reached when the vote on that bill should be taken. Certificates of election of Senators Cockrell (Mo.) and Davis (Minn.) for their new terms from March 4, 1895, were presented and sworn to by their colleagues. After a lengthy parliamentary discussion, succeeded in passing the quarantine bill.

**Briefiets.**

THE 4-year-old-son of William Horback was frozen to death at Laramie, Wyo.

SEVENTEEN new cases of cholera have occurred in the Nietieben Asylum at Berlin.

CAPT. JEFFREY, of the National Line steamer Greece, died at sea on the last voyage.

THE schooner Meteor ran into the cruiser Charleston at New York, and was dismantled.

THE cargo of the LaChampagne, from New York for Liverpool, includes $4,500,000 in gold.

THE New York Legislature will be asked to appropriate $30,000 for a World's Fair exhibit.

MARIE BROOKS, an American dancer, has become the wife of T. B. Curran, the Irish member of Parliament.

MRS. KATE ROSLER was burned to death at Pittsburg while trying to save the life of her 6-year-old nephew, George, who also perished.

BECAUSE refused the right of line in the inauguration parade the First Virginia's Regiment of Cavalry refuses to take par. in the ceremonies.

THE Bishop of Chester has refused to allow the Earl and Countess of Shrewsbury, who were divorcees, to partake of the sacrament of communion.

BY the fall of a wall during a fire at Rochester, N. Y., three firemen were buried. Sylvester W. Burns was killed, John Hess was fatally injured and soon died; Sackett escaped with a broken leg. The loss on the McKay Building was $200,000.