Weak and Weary

Overcome by heat or extraordinary exertion, the physical system, like a machine, needs to be renovated and repaired. The blood needs to be purified and

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

invigorated and the nerves and muscles strengthened by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which creates an appetite, removes that tired feeling and gives refreshing sleep.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. 25c.

OFF FOR A QUIET TIME.

Diary of a Man Sent to Lonesomehurst by His Physician.

"Mr. Akenhead," said the eminent specialist on nervous disorders, severely, to the Puck man, "it is useless for you to expect to derive benefit from my treatment unless you consent to follow my directions. I recommended you to go to the quiet ham.et of Lonesomehurst and srend at least six months in strict retirement, and yet I find you back in the turmoil and excitement of the city in less than four weeks."

"The trouble, Doctor," replied the patient, "is that the monotony of a quiet, uneventful country existence is more than I can endure. In this short time we have had fourteen different cooks, one of whom was discharged for setting fire to the house while intoxicated, another for assaulting me with a frying pan and a third for poisoning us, whether accidentally or maliciou-ly I do not know. I have been mixed up in four different runaway accidents and twice bitten by dogs. Because of my kindness of heart I was drawn into an elo.ement episode which resulted in my being shot at and narrowly missed by the bride's father, who claimed that he was near-sighted and mistook me for the bridegroom. One night someb dy hanged a total stranger to a tree on the lawn. About the same time a tramp burned the barn and several outbuildings. A large tree was blown down so near the house that the piazza roof was crushed in. I was arrested three times for unknowingly violating some of the rural laws. My wife's mother was thrown from a carriage in front of the house and fatally injured. There was a smal-pox scare in the neighborhood about half the time and a mad-dog fright every now and then. Taking it all in all, I finally concluded that the turmoil and excitement of city life was less enervat ng than the peace and quiet of a monotonous country existence."

Oddities of War.

Contrary to general opinion, the improvement in firearms has not increased the murderous results of battles. The battles which have been fought in the South American wars since 1840 show that only one out of each seventy-nine men engaged was killed. In the Franco-German war of 1870 '71 one in each fifty-three met death, while in the Crimean war one in each thirty-five of the effective force was left dead on the field. In our great civil war one out of every sixty-five men was killed, and one in each ten wounded. In Napoleon's early wars one out of each twenty-eight was killed and every fourth man wounded, and in the early British conflicts as high an average as one death to each nineteen engaged is reported.

Gigantic Mutual Struggle.

The following letter was actually written by a French countess to the absent count:

"DEAR HUSBAND—Not knowing what else to do, I will write to you. Not knowing what to say, I will now close. Wearily yours, COUNTESS DE R."

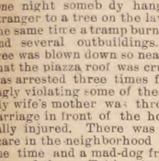
ONE of the oldest tunes in the world is said to be the air sung to the words "We Won't Go Home Until morning." It is known to date back to the time of the crusaders.

PARAGUAY is governed under a contitution which is strikingly similar to that of the United States.

There is a Woman.

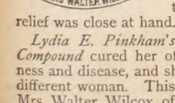
in Philadelphia who lived for years in a daily circle of suffering because she thought there was no relief.

Her suffering was caused by female weakness in its worst forms. She had pain in her back and loins, great fatigue from walking, leucorrhœa, and a frequent desire to urinate. All this time relief was close at hand.



Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured her of all weakness and disease, and she is now a different woman. This woman is Mrs. Walter Wilcox, of 736 West St., who advises all women who suffer so from female weaknesses to try it also and be cured. It expels tumors, removes backache, invigorates the system. At druggists.

MY WIFE CANNOT SEE HOW YOU DO IT AND PAY FREIGHT.



$14 Buys our 3 drawer cabinet or oak Improved High Arm Singer sewing machine (finely finished, nickel plate), adapted to light and heavy work; guaranteed for 10 Years; with Automatic Bobbin Winder, Self-Threading Oscillating Shuttle, Self-Setting Needle and a complete set of Steel Attachments; shipped any where on 10 Days' Trial. No money required in advance. $5,000 now in use. World's Fair Medal awarded machine and attachments. Buy from factory and save dealer's and agent's profits. FREE Cut This Out and send to-day for machine or large free illustrated catalogue, testimonials and Glimpses of the World's Fair. OXFORD MFG. CO. 342 Wabash Ave. CHICAGO, ILL.

New Rheumatic Cure

Sealed circulars free. Write Sprague Bros., No. 9438 Third ave., New York. Please cut this out and give to rheumatic neighbor. This advertisement appears a few times only.

ELY'S CREAM BALM CURES CATARRH PRICE 50 CENTS, ALL DRUGGISTS

S. N. U. No. 33—94

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

THE GUNNERS ALERT.

JAP WARSHIPS TRY TO SURPRISE WEI-HAI-WEI.

Chinese Were Prepared for Them, However, and Successfully Resisted the Advance of the Mikado's Fleet—Unsuccessful Attack on Chinese Forts.

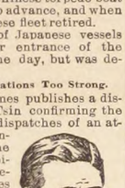
Warships Driven Off.

A special dispatch from Choo Foo confirms the report that the Japanese fleet attacked the Chine-e fleet at Wei-Hai-Wei, and that the former were repulsed at one entrance of the harbor, and subsequently attacked the other entrance. The dispatch says that the Japanese made a daring attempt to capture the forts and arsenal at Wei-Hai-Wei. The Japanese attacked in force, four cruisers and several small vessels leading the advance. The first shots were exchanged at daylight, but the Chinese were on the alert and their gunners returned a vigorous fire from the forts. The Japanese, apparently, expected to take the Chinese by surprise while the latter's warships were away, the Chinese squadron, with the exception of some small gunboats and a torpedo vessel, having sailed day before for another port. But the gunboats and the forts kept up such a well-directed fire that the Japanese were unable to enter the harbor. The Chinese torpedo boat was then ordered to advance, and when it did so the Japanese fleet retired.

T. ARISUGAWA. Head of Japan's army.

Found the Fortifications Too Strong.

The London Times publishes a dispatch from Tien-Tsin confirming the Associated Press dispatches of an attack by the Japanese fleet upon the Chinese port of Wei-Hai-Wei and its repulse. The Times dispatch says that twenty-one Japanese warships made an attempt to capture Wei-Hai-Wei but found the fortifications guarding the port were too strong to allow of an entrance being forced. The warships attempted to run the forts, but were driven back by a heavy fire from the large Armstrong guns that are there mounted on disappearing carriages. Finding itself compelled to draw off out of range of the guns the fleet went about and headed for Port Arthur, on the other coast of the bay, with the evident intention of making an attack. When the fleet arrived at Port Arthur the place was found prepared to resist an attack. The warships fired a few shots at the forts and were promptly answered, and then all the fleet departed.



T. SAIGO. Head of Japanese Navy.

Officials of the Japanese legation in Washington are without any information respecting the reported fighting at Wei-Hai-Wei and Port Arthur on the Chinese coast. They are inclined to the belief that the home Government is awaiting full and complete reports of hostilities, as it had regarding the fight at Casen, before advising its representatives abroad. Much interest in the movements against the above named place is felt by officials of the Government. At or near Port Arthur Li Hung Chang has his great military stores, arsenals and other resources for a continuation of warlike operations. Both Port Arthur and Wei-Hai-Wei are in the line of direct route by water to the mouth of the Pei-Ho river, by which the city of Pekin can be reached, and any movement against the former places is likely to be a factor in the attempt which many persons believe Japan will make to overthrow the dynasty at Pekin.

LEAVING THE COUNTRY.

Outflow of Steerage Passengers Continues—Figures for July.

Some time ago attention was called to the significant fact that the outward flow of steerage travel was considerably greater than the inward, the prevailing hard times and the low steamship rates having the effect of drawing from th s country a large proportion of the idle element. The following figures will show that this condition of affairs still continues, and that, if anything, the proportion of outward-bound steerage passengers compared with the inward-bound has been greater the last month than ever before. Statistics of eastward travel are given from July 4 to Aug. 2 and are for steerage passengers only.

The total of emigration from New York during the month of July alone was 19,968, while the number incoming, fully 50 per cent. of which cannot be regarded as true immigrants, was 11,549 for the corresponding time. Thus the number of emigrants was 8,419 greater in July than the immigrants. Of the immigrants brought to this port in the month of July 1,928 came from Germany, 2,011 from Russia, 1,727 from Italy, 1,031 from Ireland, 922 from England, 158 from Scotland, 760 from Sweden, 308 from Denmark, 420 from Norway, 790 from Austria, 423 from Hungary, 176 from France, 105 from Portugal, 133 from Finland, and the remainder in small numbers from other countries.

CONFIRMS CROP RUIN.

Half a Billion Bushels of Corn Lost by Thirty Days of Drought.

The Government crop report issued by the Washington Agricultural Department is the most sensational August report on corn ever issued by the department. The corn condition, 69.1, is lower than the 1890 by four points and lower than the 1881 by ten points. It indicates a deterioration in the prospect in thirty days of 500,000,000 bushels and suggests a yield this year of not over 1,525,0.0,0.0 bushels. The present estimate is for a yield which compares unfavorably with the crops of the last fourteen years. Smaller crops were made in 1881, 1887, and 1890. In the fourteen years beginning 1880 but two crops have been harvested equaling the estimate from the July standpoint. The crops of 1890 and 1891 overran the two-billion mark and that of 1888 was close to it. Yields by years are given as follows:

1893	1,619,000,0 0	1885	1,665,000,000
1892	1,6 8,000,0 0	1884	1,936,000,000
1891	2,060,000,000	1883	1,756,000,000
1890	1,489,000,000	1882	1,551,000,000
1889	2,112,000,000	1882	1,617,000,000
1888	1,987,000,000	1881	1,194,000,000
1887	1,456,000,000		

The condition at harvest in 1881, the year when corn sold over 70 cents, was 96. That season there was a very severe loss from August to September. The Government figures show that talk of the crop being cut down by a half in Iowa was literally true, the corn condition being only 45 in Iowa, and that the claim of there being only a third of a crop left in Nebraska was also no exaggeration, the condition in Nebraska being 34. These conditional averages are the more remarkable because they represent the status of corn Aug. 1, and since then there has been uninterrupted drought and some days of the extremest heat.

The suddenness of this appalling crop loss has made the speculative situation the more sensational. The corn crop prospect July 1, compared with the prospect thirty days later was as follows:

	Condition.	Acreage.	Yield.
July 1	95.0	76,016,000	2,091,000,000
Aug. 1	69.1	76,036,000	1,525,000,000
Decline	25.9	.....	568,000,000

The figures on spring wheat are only a little less astonishing than the ones on corn. The spring wheat condition is announced as 67.1, as low as the figure last August. A summary of the August crop situation would be as follows:

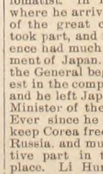
	Condition.	Area.	Yield.
Spring wheat	10,108,000	98,000,000	
Winter wheat	83.9	24,116,000	281,000,000
Total		33,224,000	379,850,000
Corn	69.1	76,036,000	1,523,000,000
Oats	76.5	27,027,000	605,000,000

The spring wheat condition is taken as representing a crop of 98,350,000 bushels. The advices as to winter wheat from correspondents and threshers indicate a good yield of excellent quality. The condition of oats has declined 1.2 points since last report, being 76 5 against 77.7 in July. The condition in August, 1893, was 78.3. Barley is 69.8, against 76.8 last month; rye, 91, substantially same as last month; potatoes, 74, against 92.3 last month; and tobacco, 79, against 81 last month. Cotton is 91.8, an increase of 2.2 points over July and 3.5 over June.

HE IS POTENT IN COREA.

Distinguished Part Played by an American in the East.

It is an interesting fact, not generally known, that American influence in Corea overshadows that of all other countries, even of China and Japan, and that American citizens hold some of the most important government offices. The most prominent and interesting figure among these Americans is General Chas. W. Le Gendre, who during the civil war commanded a New York regiment. Soon after the war he was sent to Amoy, as Consul General, and there distinguished himself as a diplomatist. In 1867 he went to Japan, where he arrived just at the beginning of the great civil war, in which he took part, and in the settlement of which he had much to do with the advancement of Japan. Four or five years ago the General began to take great interest in the complicated Corean question, and he left Japan to go to Seoul as Vice Minister of the Home Affairs of Corea. Ever since he has been struggling to keep Corea free from China, Japan and Russia, and must be taking a most active part in the events now taking place. Li Hung Chang, the Chinese viceroy, hates and greatly fears the General, whose wonderful ability he recognizes.



C. W. LEGENDRE.

In the United States Court at St. Paul, Minn., Dr. James Phillips, of Preston, indicted with several others, charged with making false pension returns, was acquitted. This is the fourth acquittal in the so-called Van Leuven pension fraud cases.

In a runaway accident at New Martinsville, W. Va., John Kabie and Mrs. Drusilla Hook were killed and Mrs. Hook's babe was fatally injured.

A Marvellous Showing.

The U. S. Government, through the Agricultural Department, has been investigating the baking powders for the purpose of informing the public which was the purest, most economical and wholesome.

The published report shows the Royal Baking Powder to be a pure, healthful preparation, absolutely free from alum or any adulterant, and that it is greatly stronger in leavening power than any other brand.

Consumers should not let this valuable information, official and unprejudiced, go unheeded.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

Grass Without Plowing.

I am not surprised at the multitude of questions in regard to the above subject, writes J. D. Smith in Hoard's Dairyman. I know of no more comprehensive answer to this than to say, very many of our best dairy farmers have nearly or entirely abandoned the use of the plow, putting the entire amount of manurial upon the grass lands, and I could take any one through our country and point out farm after farm that to-day are producing double the amount of hay they did ten or fifteen years ago, and I find such plowing less each year.

To-day, June 9, I visited with friends at Mr. Hanford DaMond's, of Croton, N. Y. Speaking of improving meadows without plowing, he called my attention to a piece of meadow that two years ago cut but a very small amount of hay, what there was being very short and fine. Soon after having he spread on a coating of stable manure and took his spring tooth harrow and harrowed it thoroughly, then sowed on as much timothy and clover seed as he would ordinarily use in seeding, and rolled it down. Last season he said the hay on that lot was simply immense, standing almost as high as the horses' backs when mowing. It will be heavy again this year. He said it was so thick that the swath looked like a fleece of wool, and not having a tedder he found it difficult to cure it on the ground. He said his first intention was to plow and re-seed, but his father told him he had not plowed it in twenty-five years, but knew it to be full of stones, and too moist to plow well. The harrow turned up only a few loads of stones.

In the Depths of Misery.

Though endowed with wealth "beyond the dreams of avarice," the wretched sufferer from chronic dyspepsia is plunged in the depths of misery, from which he or she seldom emerges even for a day at a stretch. There is a way to down the imp. Invoke the aid of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters and he departs. Keep using the medicine and the relief you promptly experience finally becomes permanent and a thorough cure is effected. Heartburn, flatulence, uneasiness and sinking at the pit of the stomach, nervousness, insomnia — these are symptoms first relieved and finally cured, with their cause, by this ineffably reliable specific. Liver complaint and constipation, brother tormentors of dyspepsia, are also sent to limbo by the Bitters. So are rheumatism, malaria and kidney complaint. Use this helpful medicine systematically, not by fits and starts.

What Did Pat Mean?

A well-known divine of Boston was also president of a railroad. He had occasion to go out into the railroad yard one day, and witnessed the unloading of a carload of rails. The men were pitching them over in a careless manner, and he remonstrated with the workmen. One of the men gently told him to go to Hades.

"Oh, shame!" said the ex-cle gyman; "that's the last place you ought to send me to."

"Faix, I think you are right," replied the workman; "there's no doubt but it will be the last place you'll go to!"

Success in Life

depends on little things. A Ripans Tabule is a little thing, but taking one occasionally gives good digestion, and that means good blood, and that means good brain and brawn, and that means success.

Platinum Is Scarce.

The price of platinum has increased fivefold at the Ural mines within three years. This is due to the heavy demand for this metal for electrical purposes.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is taken internally. Price 75 cents.

THERE are millions of people on the face of the globe who don't know what soap is—not including the various industrial armyists.

A LIGHT HEART, strong nerves, bodily comfort — these come to a woman, with the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. You can't be anything else but nervous and spiritless, as long as you suffer from any womanly ills.

The "Prescription" relieves every such condition. It builds up your general health, too, better than any ordinary tonic

PIERCE Guarantees a CURE.

can do—and, by restoring the natural functions, it brings back health and strength.

St. Matthews, Orangeburgh Co., S. C.

DR. R. V. PIERCE: *Dear Sir*— For four months my wife tried your "Favorite Prescription," and I am able to say that it has done all that it claims to do. She can always praise this medicine for all womb troubles.

Yours truly,

B. Saul Matthews

Fatal Hours.

Several years ago, a writer undertook to investigate the popular notion that there are certain hours during the twenty-four more fatal to life than others. He ascertained the hour of death in two thousand eight hundred and eighty instances of all ages from a mixed population, and from deaths occurring during a period of several years. The maximum hour of death is from five to six o'clock in the morning, when it is forty per cent. above the average; and the minimum during the hours from nine till eleven o'clock in the evening, when it is six and one half per cent. below the average. Thus the least mortality is during early morning hours, from three till six o'clock.

The Modern Beauty

Thrives on good food and sunshine, with plenty of exercise in the open air. Her form glows with health, and her face blooms with its beauty. If her system needs the cleansing action of a laxative remedy, she uses the gentle and pleasant liquid laxative, Syrup of Figs.

Did You Ever Hear the Like?

A circle of King's Daughters at Park City, Ky., recently raised sufficient money to secure some coal for a poor family. The money was given to the family, who, instead of buying coal, had their photographs taken.

How to Make Yearly $500

With twelve hens. Forty-five medals and diplomas awarded Prof. Corbett, 276 West 125th street, New York. Send stamp for particulars.

IT is about thirty miles across town in London and for that entire distance there is said to be an unbroken line of residences and stores.

We cannot define it, but there seems to be an "aroma of love" about every young lady whose complexion has been beautified by Glenn's Sulphur Soap.

NEWFOUNDLAND is without reptiles. No snake, frog, toad, or lizard has ever been seen there.

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP-ROOT

TRADE MARK

THE GREAT KIDNEY, LIVER AND BLADDER REMEDY.

Dissolves Gravel

Gall stone, brick dust in urine, pain in urethra, straining after urination, pain in the back and hips, sudden stoppage of water with pressure.

Bright's Disease

Tube casts in urine, scanty urine. *Swamp-Root* cures urinary troubles and kidney difficulties.

Liver Complaint

Torpid or enlarged liver, foul breath, biliousness, bilious headache, poor digestion, gout.

Catarrh of the Bladder

Inflammation, irritation, ulceration, dribbling, frequent calls, pass blood, mucus or pus.

At Druggists 50 cents and $1.00 Size.

"Invalids' Guide to Health" free—Consultation free.

DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF $4. $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO $3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES. $2.50 $2. WORKINGMENS EXTRA FINE. $2.$1.75 BOYS SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES $3 $2.50 $2. $1.75 BEST PONGOLA. SEND FOR CATALOGUE W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas $3.00 Shoe.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

FREE! Madame Ruppert's FACE BLEACH

Appreciating the fact that thousands of ladies of the U. S. have not used my Face Bleach, on account of price, which is $2 per bottle, and in order that all may give it a fair trial, I will send a Sample Bottle, safely packed, all charges prepaid, on receipt of 10c. FACE BLEACH removes and cures absolutely all freckles, pimples, moth, blackheads, sallowness, acne, eczema, wrinkles, or roughness of skin, and beautifies the complexion. Address Mme. A. RUPPERT, Dept. E. 6 E. 14th St., N. Y. City.

KIDDER'S PASTILLES. Sure relief for ASTHMA. Price 50cts. by mail. Stowell & Co., Charlestown, Mass.

Dr. J. H. McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm

Justly celebrated as the Peerless Liver and Kidney Medicine of America

R-I-P-A-N-S.

Soap, Salt, Vaseline and Gunpowder.

RIPANS

Every farmer's wife who boils her tea-kettle over a fire of maple or hickory wood, knows that, by leeching the ashes and adding any refuse grease at command, she may make a serviceable soap. And yet notwithstanding this, she finds it better to buy a soap made by improved methods. Some manufacturers produce soap of such peculiar excellence that people are led to specially desire it; and the makers advertise their product widely, and accumulate fortunes by its sale. The fact still remains that soap is a combination of alkaloid and grease. Its manufacture is a simple or artistic process, according to the quality produced. Soap has been made for thou ands of years, but the best soaps are the product of nineteenth century methods.

Gunpowder is composed of charcoal, sulphur, and saltpeter. Yet not every wood produces the best charcoal for the purpose. Some sorts of sulphur are of more value than others to the manufacturer of gunpowder, and saltpeter must be properly prepared to admit of best results. Given the best materials, skill in blending is still required, and although it is possible for almost any one to make an explosive mixture, those who have use for gunpowder find it advisable to buy of a manufacturer who has gained a reputation for making the best. The ingredients are no secret, but the resultant combination is of proved effectiveness, and, although some other may be as good, it is risky to experiment; consequently the trade-mark of a favorite brand of gunpowder is worth a great sum to its owner.

Medicines are of less universal use than soap, and more persons require them than have occasion to buy gunpowder.

Soap is a universal cleanser.

Gunpowder is the explosive in most common use.

There is a certain form of prescription in almost as common use among medical practitioners, in their attendance upon the sick, as soap is in the every-day affairs of the household. It seems to be needed on every occasion. This application by physicians of a single remedy for many apparently varying ills comes about from the well-known fact that every illness results from or is augmented by a disturbed condition of particular organs that come in play in the conversion of food into muscle or blo d, or into power of action by limb or brain. Whatever aids or stimulates those organs gives life and energy to all others. It is not so very strange that, out of the experience of generations, a formula should be evolved that is as simple and definite as that R-I-P-A-N-S, and each letter is the initial of one of the constituent ingredients.

The preparation of medicines in tablet form has only been rendered possible in a large way by machinery invented within a comparatively short time; but this result has already worked a material change in medical practice. The physician to-day is supplied with medicines in this form, and the maker who produces best results secures the trade. The apothecary is fast ceasing to compound the physician's prescription, but sells instead the same ingredients prepared with a skill and nicety that is beyond his own power to equal with the facilities at his command.

Physicians do not write prescriptions for petroleum jelly, but put down instead, the word vaseline, and the enterprising merchant who applies his trade mark to a common product, the great excellence and wide application of which he had been among the first to discover, reaps a profit therefrom, and deserves it by the uniform excellence and purity of the article he supplies.

So, too, the manufacturers of R-I-P-A-N-S Tabules, being the first to set on foot careful inquiries concerning the myriad combinations of Rhubarb and Soda known to be in such universal use among doctors, and to search out the particular prescription that had acquired the greatest fame and widest acceptance, and then to undertake the manufacture in modern tablet form, using the choicest of selected drugs and combining them by methods that have been proved scientific and found to be fortunate, have secured a trade-mark that is valuable, and given to the public a medicine of more uniform excellence and wider application than any other that has ever been known.

TABULES

It has been asserted that the principal ingredients of the e tabules are in about as constant use by the best physicians in their daily practice as salt is by the housewife in the preparation of the family meals.

$10 PAYS FOR A 5-LINE Adv. 4 times in 100 high grade papers in Illinois. Guaranteed circulation 1,000,000 or we can insert it 3 times in 1,375 country papers for same money. *SEND FOR CATALOGUE.* **$100**

CHICAGO NEWSPAPER UNION, 93 South Jefferson Street, - Chicago, Ill.

CURE YOURSELF

FRENCH SPECIFIC never fails to cure all diseases of the urinary organs, either sex or condition. Full treatment, prepaid, price $1.00. Sold by E. L. STAHL Druggist, 1005 Union Street, Cor. Ashland Ave., Chicago, Illinois. Sent by express on receipt of price.

PARISIAN FACE BEAUTIFIER

is the finest in the world. Removes Pimples, Freckles, Liver Spots, Blackheads, Moth Blotches, Wrinkles, Sallowness, Roughness, etc., etc. Per bottle, $2. Three bottles, $5. Safely packed. Madame DELKEY, 243 Grand St., N. Y. Write for circular.

PATENTS. TRADE-MARKS.

Examination and Advice as to Patentability of Invention. Send for Inventors' Guide, or How to Get a Patent. PATRICK O'FARRELL, Washington, D. C.

S. N. U. No. 33—94

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