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We cordially invite strangers to locate in Dwight, and all the people to trade with our business men and to call at our office or call us up and tell us your troubles. Local and Long Distance Phone No. 7.

There is much interest in the report that Colonel Roosevelt will go after the Republican nomination for president, as a "get together" candidate. Strange things happen in politics.

Typographical errors are often so fearfully and wonderfully made as to arouse suspicion. Thus there was consternation in the office of the Chicago American recently and all excuses and loud assertions on the part of the proof readers availed not. There it was, in big black type, on the first page, "Michael Farley Dead From Heart Disease."

The Pontiac reformatory charges should be accepted with a few grains of salt, pending a thorough investigation. To the skeptically inclined the whole scandal looks like a cooked up mess, designed to oust some civil service employes and make room

for Democratic successors. The evidence needed to substantiate almost any kind of charges in such cases is not hard to procure and it will be well for the public to be satisfied as to how much of the personal interest enters into this alleged evidence, before accepting the accusations as true. —Paris Beacon.

A bill passed by the last legislature will be of local interest. The law deals with the sales of business properties and in brief it requires all parties who sell their business to furnish the buyer a list of all creditors. The proposed purchaser must notify all such creditors at least five days before the consummation of the deal. The purpose of this law is to prevent litigations following sales of business properties and this change in the law will be of interest to many in this city.

A young man with no one but himself to take care of has no call to run bills at the store. He will have more self-respect if he plunks down the cash for what he buys, and all business folks have more respect for the young man who pays cash, and does without until he can pay cash. Besides all that, it's a good business proposition. How can any young man hope to attain independence if he keeps mortgaging the future to supply present wants?

The great encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, Sons of Veterans and affiliated societies was held last week in Chattanooga, Tenn.—fifty years after the great struggles between the Northern and Southern armies. There were thousands of veterans from the north there and they were extended the right hand of fellowship as American citizens. It was certainly an exhibition of southern hospitality and was not infrequent during the days there to see a "Yank" and a "Johnnie" arm in arm enjoying the occasion. Chattanooga is a great city and business men are enterprising, and much northern capital is represented there. The sight-seeing, such as Lookout Mountain, Missionary Ridge, Chickamauga, etc., the scenes of terrific battles, was taken advantage of by thousands. The encampments were successes in every feature.

A FAIR, PRACTICAL PROPOSITION. Sitting here on this stool meditating upon the past, present and future, doing our best to be honest with ourself and fellow man, we have just made a resolution, and here it is: "Resolved, That we, the editor of the Yell County Republican, will henceforth and forever, so long as we

are able to get to the polling place, vote the Democratic ticket, provided the Tariff legislation now pending in the United States Congress, becomes a law, and the high cost of living is thereby reduced without hurting the American farmer, and provided that our great American industries continue to do business as they have in the past, and that the great army of wage-workers are enabled thereby to make and save more money than it was possible for them to make and save during the past ten years under Republican rule."

Now, we consider this a fair proposition, and we will stick to it like a man. Will you, Mr. Democrat, make a resolution to vote the Republican ticket provided the Democratic party now in power, fails to reduce the high cost of living without hurting the producer, and if the wage-worker fails to make as much money as was possible under Republican rule?

Any man is a fool who will not vote for the party that does the most good for the most people. There is no use for a man to let political prejudice blind him to his own interests.

We will let you know when we feel the change coming on. We are still normal.—Yell County (Ark.) Republican.

DEPARTMENT STORE OF THE WORLD. So rapid has been the growth of exports of American manufactures that the suggestion is made that the "United States" has become the department store of the world, a term justified by the enterprise and energy of American captains of industry, artisans and inventors. In July we sold abroad \$11,000,000 worth more of articles made in this country than during the same month last year. For twelve months ending July 31 the increase in exports of manufactures was \$252,000,000 to total reaching a billion and a quarter, which is much the highest mark. In the year 1897, says the Globe-Democrat, when the Democratic control of the government ended, our exports of manufactures amounted to \$277,000,000. It has increased fourfold under the Dingley and the Payne tariff laws, both passed by the Republicans in accordance with the party's protective policy.

A protective tariff is still in operation, and exports of manufactures are still growing. But a change to a Democratic tariff is impending and it involves a radical overturn in schedules. Will the gain continue in our sales abroad of manufactured articles? Will not the free-trade experiment turn the tide the other way, making a larger market here for the cheap labor products of foreign coun-

tries? The last two Republican tariffs have been identified with unexampled growth in our foreign commerce, and especially in exports of manufactures. If we can hold this trade it will be because protection has laid the foundations of prosperity so deep that the brief lining of a wrong-headed and incompetent party cannot destroy the advantage in two or three years. But the test of this question is now to come. The remarkably successful tariff policy of 1897-1913 is dangerously assaulted and the story must be told in future official statistics. Republicans have made their showing. It is the Democratic move.

WE SHOULD WORRY!

New York American: Scientists have long declared that the earth will dry up and become as barren and dismal as the moon. But there is no occasion to worry about this, since it will not occur for more millions of years, probably, than we can count.

In regard to the present dried-up condition of the moon, it used to be believed that the moon at one time had a plentiful supply of water, but that the great heat developed on either side as the moon was turned to the sun on alternate sides fourteen days at a stretch gradually evaporated the water. This vapor of evaporation did not fall back to the moon's surface, it was claimed, because the moon's gravity was not sufficient to hold it, and so the vapor constantly thrown off by centrifugal motion gradually left the moon barren and dry.

But the new theory now held by the great scientists is also held to be applicable to the earth, and that what really happened to the moon will happen to this planet in the course of time—an almost unthinkable amount of time.

This theory is that a crystal of any sort, a lump of rock salt or quartz or limestone, contains a great proportion of water. If these things are heated in a retort the water is recovered and the crystal becomes a powder. Now if this powder is placed near water it will absorb, while cooling quite a lot of it.

The interior of the moon being at one time extremely hot, so hot that it was a molten mass, a cooling process was started then, and in cooling the natural demand was for water in order for them to form their crystals. The water seeped down through the crust of the moon and finally it was in that manner all used up.

This is the manner in which this theory is applied to the earth. Our great oceans bring a powerful pressure to bear upon the earth's crust, and because of subterranean volcanoes in various parts of the Pacific

ocean we know water is gradually seeping into the heated interior of the earth.

The earth continues to lose its heat by radiation and this brings about a shrinkage and cracking of the old crust as demonstrated now and then by great earthquakes and volcanic eruptions. This, in turn, makes a communication between the water of the earth's crust and the cooling mass inside, these things being affinities. And so it is claimed all the earth's water must gradually seep into the interior and go into the formation of crystals. Even then it is claimed there will not be sufficient water to cool and crystallize all the molten mass inside.

SOUND DOCTRINE.

Pantagraph: In the current number of the Independent, Senator McCumber, of North Dakota, has a keenly analytical article on present political conditions and tendencies. It is entitled, "The Reality of Republicanism," and at the outset the writer queries, "Wherein lies the power of the old Republican party that wrought so effectively for the life, the safety and the prosperity of this republic?" In answering this question, Senator McCumber points out that this power is not in the sagacity of politicians nor in the adroit marshalling of class against class. "The power of the Republican party," he says, "has always been in its courage to stand for the right, whether popular or unpopular; in its daring to be conservative in the face of wild and widespread radicalism. It has always represented the sober thought of the American people—reason rather than passion; reflection rather than emotion. And if it is to continue to live, it must be true to its past."

Senator McCumber shows that a conservative party does not mean a stationary or unprogressive party, and that conservative progress is the only true progress. "No country," he asserts, "has ever yet tried out the experiment of emotional government without being ready to return to conservative principles." The writer points out that in the last fifty years the world has made greater progress in every line of endeavor than was accomplished during the five thousand years that preceded. We have been living at such a rapid rate that "calm sobriety of reasoning is being discredited and called reactionary, while reckless assaults upon our Constitution and its form of government are hailed as the test of devotion to the people's cause."

All this is abnormal and cannot last is the opinion of the North Dakota senator. The danger is that before it subsides we shall be led into aban-

doing great fundamental principles of government and find ourselves in the quicksands of socialism. A government founded upon the assumption that the majority of men will always act with wisdom ignores human frailties and is doomed to destruction. The minority must be protected against the majority and therein is the great strength of our Constitution. The theory of the recall of judges points to anarchy and national destruction.

In concluding, Senator McCumber says:

"I believe that whenever the issue is clearly made and understood, the Republican party will lay aside its factional differences and rally in defense of the Constitution; in defense of the representative government which the Constitution guarantees; in defense of an independent judiciary; and that in the result we shall move steadily forward, as we have in the past, as sane and orderly Progressives, accomplishing through the Constitution and by the Constitution everything which can make for the real betterment of the people and the real welfare of the whole nation. That is the reality of Republicanism."

THAT REMINDS US

That the fellow that stole peaches from a yard in Renfrew recently was very thoughtful when he left a greenback. Of course if the peaches are returned the greenback might be returned also, but no interest will be paid.

That simplified spelling is receiving attention at present. "U. R. loking vel," etc. If this becomes popular the reader will not no whether the words R misspelled or not.

That it is a common occurrence to smell moth balls since the weather has been cold. Overcoats and wraps have been dug up.

That all should examine the chimneys and see that they are protected from fire.

That Tuesday was the first day of fall—according to Hoyle.

That if anyone doubts the wisdom of a legislature, says the Kansas City Journal, the following contained in the 1913 session laws of Kansas should dispel such a misapprehension: "When two trains shall approach a crossing both shall stop, and neither shall go ahead until the other has gone by."

Read this paper over carefully and see if it does not merit your subscription.

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